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Pictured: (clockwise from top left) Portmeirion Botanic Garden, Portmeirion Dawn Chorus, Spode Paddington Bear™ (under licence, see inside back cover), Portmeirion Botanic Garden, Spode Christmas Tree and Portmeirion Pomona

Financial Highlights



- Dividend increased to all time high.
- Sales increase in all major markets.

7,414

2011

43.12

2011

Strategy

Our strategy is to enhance the return to shareholders by:

Growing sales volumes

2011 was another record year for revenue for the Portmeirion Group, with revenues up by 4.6% to £53,610k (2010: £51,243k).

Focusing on increasing profit margins

Operating and net profit margins were increased to 11.7% (2010: 10.4%) and 11.8% (2010: 10.2%) in the year.

Addressing key customer product requirements

Growth in major markets of USA, UK and South Korea reflect commitment to key customers.

Concentrating on design and quality

Launch of over 350 new product lines in 2012 demonstrates the Group's commitment to innovation and originality.

Delivering a progressive dividend policy

Dividends paid and proposed increased by 12.6% to 19.60p (2010: 17.40p) improving the return to shareholders.

Making suitable acquisitions

The Group makes acquisitions where appropriate opportunities arise.



Pictured: Vintage Kellogg's range from Portmeirion



Pictured: Royal Worcester Diamond Jubilee products

Investment Themes

Portmeirion Group PLC is a British company, based in Stoke-on-Trent. We are a significant force in the homewares industry, a market leader in high quality and innovatively designed tableware, cookware, giftware and tabletop accessories. Portmeirion Group encompasses four world leading brands.

- Four exceptional British Brands Portmeirion, Spode, Royal Worcester and Pimpernel.
- Strong Balance Sheet no outstanding debt and substantial cash reserves.
- Highly profitable record earnings reported for 2011.
- Progressive dividend policy supported by strong cash generation.
- Efficient competitive UK manufacturing base – significant increase in manufacturing capacity during the year.
- Track record of growth organic sales increases supplemented by successful acquisitions.
- Diverse strategy for growth worldwide

 customer focused product design and marketing.

Read more online@ www.portmeiriongroup.com

Pictured: Sophie Conran for Portmeirion

Our Brands

Portmeirion

Portmeirion is committed to producing innovative designs that sit comfortably with everyday life, as epitomised by the famous Botanic Garden range. The diversity of high quality products within the Portmeirion brand delivers not only beautiful designs but practicality for modern living.

For 2012, two new ranges have been launched under Sanderson for Portmeirion: Porcelain Garden, a classically beautiful tableware range, and Fifi, a quirky new giftware range. Christmas Wish, a festive collection, as well as the vibrant Vintage Kellogg's range, bring a touch of fun and colour to the kitchen. **Visit www.portmeirion.com**

Portmeirion Ranges

Botanic Blue, Botanic Garden, Exotic Botanic Garden, Botanic Roses, Christmas Wish, Crazy Daisy, Dawn Chorus, Eden, Pomona, Sanderson for Portmeirion: Fifi and Porcelain Garden, Secret Garden, Sophie Conran for Portmeirion, The Holly and The Ivy, The Very Hungry Caterpillar and Vintage Kellogg's.



Pictured: Botanic Garden

Pimpernel

Pimpernel continues to offer an unrivalled selection of decorative and high quality placemat and coaster designs. The range is growing within the home accessories market with extensions into textile and tray sectors encompassing classic popular designs from both Portmeirion Group brands and licensed artwork.

Porcelain Garden and Fifi from Sanderson have been introduced in 2012 to co-ordinate with the Sanderson for Portmeirion tableware. New designs from Sophie Conran complement the successful Sophie Conran for Portmeirion range. Other additions include Dawn Chorus and Vintage Kellogg's designs on tabletop accessories such as placemats, coasters, trays and textiles.

Pimpernel

Placemats, coasters, trays and accessories, mugs, children's dinnerware and cutlery in an extensive array of designs.



Pictured: Fifi ceramics, placemats, coasters and cutlery

Our Brands continued

Spode

With a rich heritage, the well established Spode brand has a classic product portfolio that appeals across generations and includes many favourites such as Blue Italian and Christmas Tree.

Spode ranges continue to flourish and are well positioned to develop in the premium sector of the market. New ranges are focused on modern day sophisticated entertaining, attuned to the needs of today's consumer whilst drawing on the impressive design archive within the brand. Visit www.spode.com

Spode Ranges

Baking Days, Blue Italian, Blue Room, Christmas Tree, Paddington Bear and Woodland.

Bone China: Christmas Rose, Isabella, Kara, Nectar, Petal Platinum, Sophia, Stafford Flowers and Stafford White.



Pictured: Blue Italian

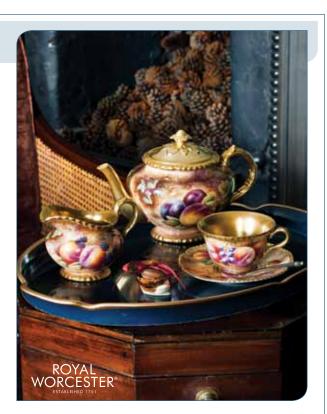
Royal Worcester

Royal Worcester has a rich and diverse design heritage, originating from 1751. The brand includes both new and established ranges offering a wide spectrum of products from fashionable bone china mugs to the unique and opulent Painted Fruit tableware.

In 2012 Royal Worcester celebrates The Queen's Diamond Jubilee with a beautiful collection including limited edition pieces. Other new items such as Serendipity, an elegant and affordable white bone china tableware range, additions to the mug collection and stunning Painted Fruit tea ware all demonstrate the strategy to build on Royal Worcester's heritage and widen its breadth of products. **Visit www.royalworcester.com**

Royal Worcester Ranges

Diamond Jubilee collection, Evesham Gold and Painted Fruit. Bone china: Holly Ribbons, Serendipity and mug collections.



Pictured: Painted Fruit

Our Markets

Portmeirion Group sells its products directly to retailers in the US and the UK and through exclusive distributors and agents in over 60 other countries around the world.

Its major markets are the US, the UK and South Korea.

Overview

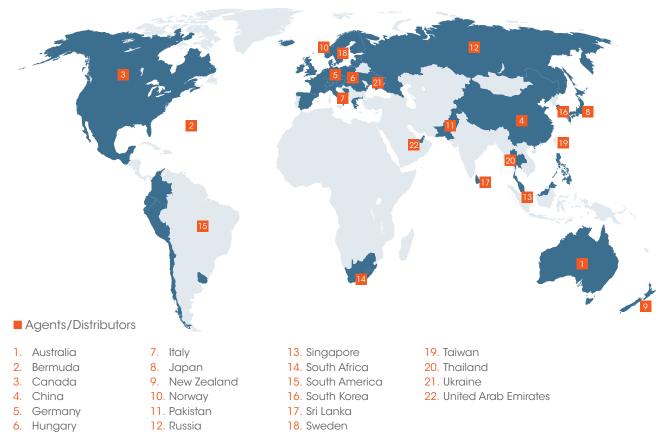
Portmeirion Group specialises in the design, manufacture and supply of innovatively designed quality ceramic and other homeware products. Our products include tableware, cookware and gifts, as well as complementary items from placemats and coasters to vases and candles.

Operating in varied market sectors from casual to formal dining with mid price to prestige products, Portmeirion Group is a significant force in the tableware and homewares industry.

Details of our retail outlets are shown on page 80. Worldwide stockists of our products can be found on our website **www.portmeiriongroup.com**.

Worldwide Markets

• Portmeirion Group Markets



Awards 2011

Portmeirion Group celebrated the achievement of two significant awards during 2011: The Queen's Award for Enterprise recognising substantial growth in international trade and a Workplace Health Award demonstrating the value the Group places on its employees.

Queen's Award

Portmeirion Group was awarded The Queen's Award for Enterprise in the category of International Trade in April 2011. The Queen's Award for Enterprise recognises the Group's substantial growth in overseas revenue and outstanding achievement in international trade.

The Group's export sales have increased by 84% in the three years ending 31 December 2011, adding over £18 million of additional revenue. All key markets have seen significant growth in recent years. For the year ended 31 December 2011, the United States, the Group's largest market, accounted for 40% of the Group's revenues whilst South Korea accounted for 20%, followed by Canada at 4%, Italy at 2% and Australia at 1%.

The Award was presented by the Lord Lieutenant of Staffordshire at Portmeirion Group's offices. All UK head office and factory employees were invited to attend the presentation. UK employees received gift vouchers and a commemorative tray to mark the occasion.



attend the presentation. UK employees received gift vouchers and a commemorative tray to mark the occasion. **Pictured (left to right):** Michael Haynes (Group Sales and Marketing Director), Sir James Hawley KCVO (Lord Lieutenant of Staffordshire) and Lawrence Bryan (Chief Executive)

Workplace Award

In July 2011, the Group's main operating company and UK employer achieved Gold Level in the Staffordshire Workplace Health Award, for its continuing support for the health, well-being and welfare of its employees at the Group's head office, factory site and distribution centre.

The County Council led award scheme is presented to organisations which actively support good employee health.

The Group's proactive and positive approach to its workforce was cited as being a key factor in the achievement of the award, as was its ongoing commitment to its staff.

The Group currently employs over 550 people in the UK and is proud to be accredited as an Investor in People.



Pictured (left to right): Robert Marshall (Staffordshire County Councillor), Samantha Pearce (HR and Benefits Manager), and Gordon Lomax (Health and Safety Manager)

Business Review



2011 was another excellent year for Portmeirion Group. For the third successive year we have grown our revenues to record levels, and our earnings and dividends are at all time highs. Our brands are stronger and more valuable and our product ranges are deeper and wider than at any time in our fifty two year history. We have a healthy cash balance. Portmeirion is in fine condition.

Dividend

The Board is recommending a final dividend of 15.70 pence per share, bringing the total paid and proposed for the year to 19.60 pence per share, an increase of 12.6% over the amount paid in respect of 2010. The dividend will be paid, subject to shareholder approval, on 23 May 2012 to shareholders on the register on 27 April 2012.

The full year dividends, paid and proposed, are covered 2.2 times by earnings (2010: 2.0 times). The Board continues to consider that such a level of cover is sustainable.

For the last six years – 2006 to 2011 – we have increased the total dividends paid by an average of 6.7% per annum compound. Our dividend is now 48% higher than it was in 2005.

The Board operates a progressive dividend policy, by which we mean maintaining a sustainable level of dividend cover and trying to increase the dividend unless our views of future trading conditions or cash requirements for the business dictate otherwise. We are in business to pay dividends over the long term. "Our brands are stronger and more valuable and our product ranges are deeper and wider than at any time in our fifty two year history."

Pictured:

Casting at our UK manufacturing plant where volumes increased by 18% in 2011

Results for the year

Revenues were £53.6 million for the year, an increase of 4.6% over 2010; this percentage increase would have been higher but for the translation effect of our US dollar denominated sales which decreased the percentage from 6.5% to the reported 4.6%. All our main markets showed increases in revenue, with South Korea growing by 9.3%, UK by 9.6% and USA growing by 4.5% in local currency but by 0.7% in translated sterling figures.

The pre-exceptional profit before tax was \pounds 6.3 million, an increase of 16.2% over the previous year (2010: \pounds 5.4 million) and pre-exceptional EBITDA was \pounds 7.4 million, an increase of 11.6% over the previous year (2010: \pounds 6.6 million).

Profitability growth outpaced revenue growth during the year under review because of the geared effect of higher volumes on a largely fixed cost base. The volume of product from our own production increased by some 18% during the year as we continued to drive further volume and efficiency gains out of our Stoke-on-Trent factory.

We depend on the quality and the image of our brands in general and our products in the detail. We have continued to invest heavily in product development and in marketing; these costs today are for benefit in the future.

Our largest market remains the United States with 40% of our revenues (2010: 41%). We maintain a showroom and a warehouse in the United States employing some 40 people in total. We are headquartered in the United

Business Review continued

Kingdom in Stoke-on-Trent, where we have a production facility and a warehouse; the United Kingdom is our second largest market and accounts for 26% of our revenues (2010: 25%). Our third largest market is South Korea where we operate with a distribution partner, this represented 20% of our revenues in 2011 (2010: 19%). The Rest of the World is important to us accounting for 14% of our revenues (2010: 15%); we have had some pleasing successes in these other markets in 2011 which hopefully will provide bases from which to expand in the future. Our market share does not exceed 10% in any of our major geographic markets.

Balance Sheet

We finished the year with cash balances of $\pounds 6.8$ million (2010: $\pounds 6.2$ million) despite investing a further $\pounds 2.8$ million into new stock – principally in the US – to back new product launches in 2012.

Year end stock balances were \pounds 12.5 million, which were \pounds 2.8 million above the 31 December 2010 figure. We have nine new patterns launching in the first half of 2012 and it is important to have the stock to support these launches.

498,218 of our shares are held in Treasury; these were purchased at an average price of \pounds 1.87 each and we plan to use them to satisfy share options.

Our pension scheme deficit, from the defined benefit pension scheme which we closed both to new entrants and for future accruals in 1999, is now £4.9 million (2010: £4.3 million) despite a cash contribution by the Group of £1.1 million during the year. The increase in this liability has arisen because we have reduced the discount rate which we use to discount future liabilities in line with bond yield movements as required by accounting standards. This old defined benefit scheme continues to drain some £1 million plus per annum from the Group for no future shareholder benefit. Because of accounting rules the effect on reported profits is minimal, the effect is on our cash balances and net asset position through reserves. We continue to stand behind our obligations to our pension scheme members.

Products

Our focus remains on being a customer attentive, design led business. In 2012 we have already introduced over 350 new lines, and in 2011 we introduced over 500 new lines. Our biggest selling pattern is Portmeirion Botanic Garden which was launched forty years ago this year. Spode Blue Italian is our oldest pattern, which was launched in 1816. Our second biggest selling pattern is Spode Christmas



David Cameron visits our factory

The Prime Minister visited the Portmeirion Group factory in Stoke-on-Trent on 28 April 2011 and met with Directors, factory employees and office staff, while on a tour of the Midlands and surrounding region.

The Rt Hon David Cameron was shown around the factory by the Chief Executive, Lawrence Bryan and the Non-executive Chairman, Richard Steele.

During his visit the Prime Minister met a group of pottery decorators and was given a tour of the factory and the showroom. The Prime Minister was shown the Group's wide product range including the Royal Worcester commemorative collection for the Royal Wedding.

Speaking from the factory, the Prime Minister said he was "delighted to meet with Portmeirion Group today. The Potteries remain hugely important to the UK manufacturing sector; it is vital we continue to invest in the skills and workforce to ensure that the British pottery industry continues to thrive."

Business Review continued

Tree which was launched seventy four years ago, and our third biggest selling pattern is Sophie Conran for Portmeirion which was launched in 2006.

When product development is combined with customer attentiveness and continual enhancement, then long term value is created with a sales stream reaching many years ahead; this is the essence of brand values.

A list of our current patterns can be found within the Our Brands section of this report on pages 4 and 5, and also at www.portmeirion.com, www.royalworcester.com and www.spode.com.These websites list our worldwide stockists and also allow for online purchasing.

Production

Our strategy of seeking products from the most appropriate sources continues to bear fruit; it also provides safeguards in that we can spread our sourcing risks. Our Stoke-on-Trent factory has never been busier and we are continuing to find ways of increasing our volume throughput. Our sourcing functions deal with top quality manufacturers, mainly in the Far East. It is important to remember that some of the countries we purchase from have a ceramic history even more illustrious than that of Stoke-on-Trent. Our reputation is in our backstamps, whether we manufacture or source the product.

Distribution

Our two main warehouses are in Stoke-on-Trent and Connecticut; they are both well established and provide an efficient distribution service to our customers. We have now reached agreement with a Chinese partner for them to build and maintain a dedicated warehouse for us in China which will allow for more cost effective deliveries to our Asia/Pacific region customers.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing are two way processes which sit between the customer and the product design teams; they are usually country specific and often customer specific within the country.

We trade in over sixty countries worldwide, through our own people in the UK and the USA, through a joint venture in Canada and through carefully selected and supported distributors and agents in other countries. We are enjoying some success in developing countries which have previously only been small markets for us, but remain alert to the overwhelming importance of USA, UK, South Korea and Canada in our sales efforts. It is a well tried and proven business model which builds on a large domestic market to provide the basis for exporting to other markets, and in 2011 we were



Pictured: The Portmeirion Group store at the East Midlands Designer Outlet, Derbyshire

honoured to receive The Queen's Award for Enterprise in the category of International Trade, recognising the growth that we have achieved in our overseas sales. Some 74% of our revenues are now generated from overseas.

Our prizewinning presence at the Ambiente Trade Show in February 2012 was larger than in previous years. Export markets remain central to our future growth.

People

The average number of people we employ increased from 532 in 2010 to 579 in 2011, an increase of 8.8%. The average sales per employee in 2011 fell to £92,591 from \pounds 96,321 in 2010 but with a higher value added per employee.

All employees, excluding the Non-executive Directors, participate in annual incentive schemes. Maximum payouts were awarded for 2011 to all staff except Executive Directors. Whilst 2011 was a record year of revenues and dividends for Portmeirion the overall performance fell short of our demanding expectations and so Executive Directors only received some two thirds of their maximum incentive scheme awards.

Health and safety remain high on our agenda. Employee welfare is important to us.

All three Non-executive Directors are seeking annual reelection, thus giving shareholders a regular opportunity to express their views on the governance of the Company.

Business Review continued

"Our prizewinning presence at the Ambiente Trade Show in February 2012 was larger than in previous years."

Risks

The Report of the Directors on pages 14 and 15 lists the principal risks which we consider the business is subject to. We keep these risks under continuous review; four merit a little more discussion here.

Our currency risks are broadly matched in that our US dollar receivables equate to our US dollar payables, and our other currency risks are covered by forward contracts where material.

We do have a heavy dependency on our own UK production, and on outsourced Far East production. Whilst this means that we are not dependant upon any one area, it also means that we are exposed to more than one.

Energy costs are a major cost input for us, whether on our own production or on products sourced from other suppliers. We will continue to push ourselves to the forefront of energy efficiency in production.

Our closed defined benefit pension scheme is discussed above; we remain exposed in this area although we have undertaken as much mitigation as possible.

Corporate Governance

The Board recognises the importance of good standards of corporate governance and continually seeks to improve our practices for the benefit of shareholders where it is felt appropriate. As an AIM listed company it is important that we continue to be flexible yet achieve efficient and effective governance relative to our size, markets and business structure.

Outlook

While we have experienced a slower start in 2012 than we enjoyed in 2011, this was expected and our confidence remains for the full year. Europe, and in particular Italy which is our fifth largest market, is slow. Set against this, we remain confident in our larger markets and excited by the Diamond Jubilee which we are hopeful will provide significantly higher levels of business compared to those which we enjoyed for the Royal Wedding in 2011.

We are a widely based home goods business. Our ranges run from our heritage products through to contemporary ware, licensed products, fine dining, casual dining, giftware, glassware, placemats and accessories. Our price points run from £2.50 to over £9,000, our markets are widespread and our sourcing diversified.

We remain confident for the future and resolute as to our strategy of attentive design, assured quality, products sold with professionalism and brands which are nurtured against a commercial backdrop of conservative financing. We continue to consider acquisition opportunities against our demanding criteria of business fit and price.

Richard J. Steele Non-executive Chairman

Laurene Bryan.

Lawrence F. Bryan Chief Executive



Pictured: The Portmeirion Group stand at the Ambiente Trade Show in Frankfurt 2012

Board of Directors



- 1. Richard J. Steele, Non-executive Chairman
- 2. Lawrence F. Bryan, Chief Executive
- 3. Michael Haynes, Group Sales and Marketing Director
- 4. Brett W.J. Phillips, Group Finance Director and Company Secretary
- 5. Lady Judge, Non-executive Director
- 6. Janis Kong, Non-executive Director



Board of Directors continued

Lawrence F. Bryan Chief Executive

Lawrence Bryan has been a Director since 2000 and Chief Executive since 2001. As the Chief Executive he oversees all the Group's business and is responsible for formulating the Group's objectives and strategy. In addition, all operations in the United States report directly to him as President of Portmeirion Group USA, Inc.

Lawrence has extensive experience in the glass, ceramics and gift industry. He was previously the Vice President, Sales of Waterford Wedgwood USA, President, Waterford Wedgwood USA Retail and President of International China Company. He is a Fellow of the Royal Society of Arts.

Richard J. Steele Non-executive Chairman

Dick Steele is responsible for leading the Board and ensuring it operates in an effective manner, whilst promoting effective communication with shareholders. He is a Chartered Accountant and a Member of the Institute of Taxation. He has substantial experience gained as Group Finance Director of a number of listed companies. He is a Lay Member of Council at Keele University, a director of the Quoted Companies Alliance and also Non-executive Chairman of Fosse Management Limited, Country Baskets and Racoon International Holdings Limited.

Michael Haynes Group Sales and Marketing Director

Michael Haynes was appointed to the Board in 2007 and is responsible for the Group's sales and marketing, design, production, quality control and logistics. He is also Managing Director of Portmeirion Group UK Limited, the Group's main operating company.

Michael has considerable experience in the tableware, giftware and glassware sector. His sales and marketing career has covered the diverse fields of groceries, toiletries, cosmetics, silverware, china and glass. Michael ran his own consultancy business for many years and helped Portmeirion develop its Far East business before joining the Group.

Janis Kong Non-executive Director

Janis Kong OBE is a Non-executive Director of Kingfisher PLC, Copenhagen Airports A/S, Network Rail and VisitBritain, and Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Forum for the Future. Formerly, she held positions as Non-executive Director of the Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC, Executive Chairman of Heathrow Airport Limited, Chairman of Heathrow Express Limited and as a member of the BAA plc Board. She holds an honorary Doctorate with the Open University.

Brett W.J. Phillips Group Finance Director and Company Secretary

Brett Phillips was appointed to the Board in 1988 and is responsible for all aspects of financial control, information systems and management reporting, human resources, intellectual property, and legal and company secretarial matters. He is Chief Financial Officer of Portmeirion Group UK Limited, the Group's main operating company, and sits on all subsidiary Boards.

Brett is a Chartered Accountant. He is Chairman of the Board of Furlong Mills Limited, an associated undertaking of the Group, and is also a Non-executive Director of Stafford Railway Building Society.

Lady Judge Non-executive Director

Lady Judge CBE is a lawyer, international banker and entrepreneur. She is Chairman of the Pension Protection Fund. She is also a Non-executive Director of NV Bekaert S.A. Formerly she was Chairman of the UK Atomic Energy Authority, Deputy Chairman of the School of Oriental and African Studies, a Commissioner of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and an Executive Director of News International and Samuel Montagu plc.

Board Committees Audit Committee

R.J. Steele (Chairman) J. Kong Lady Judge

Remuneration Committee

R.J. Steele (Chairman) J. Kong Lady Judge

Nomination Committee

R.J. Steele (Chairman) J. Kong Lady Judge L.F. Bryan

Report of the Directors

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report on the affairs of the Group, together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 31 December 2011. The Corporate Governance Statement set out on pages 28 to 31 forms part of this report.

Principal activities

The Group markets ceramic tableware, cookware and giftware, glassware, candles, placemats, coasters and other associated products, and manufactures ceramics. There have been no changes in activities during the year.

The subsidiary and associated undertakings of the Group are listed in note c of the notes to the Company Financial Statements on pages 74 and 75.

Business review

A full review of the performance of the Group for the year is given in the section of the Business Review entitled "Results for the year" on pages 8 and 9. Current trading and the future are commented on in the "Outlook" section of the Business Review, on page 11. That information is incorporated into this report by reference and together with the paragraphs that follow, comprise the business review required by the Companies Act 2006.

Information about the use of financial instruments by the Company and its subsidiaries is given in note 31 on pages 66 and 67.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 35. The movements on reserves are shown in notes 25 and 26 on pages 60 and 61.

On 3 October 2011 an interim dividend of 3.90p (2010: 3.90p) per share was paid on the ordinary share capital. The Directors recommend that a final dividend of 15.70p per share be paid (2010: 13.50p), making a total for the year of 19.60p (2010: 17.40p) per share. The final dividend will be paid, subject to shareholders' approval, on 23 May 2012, to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 27 April 2012.

Key performance indicators

The Group Board uses a range of performance measures to monitor and manage the business. The Board regards measures relating to the delivery of shareholder value as particularly important. These measures, together with their comparatives, are shown in the Financial Highlights on page 1. There are also a number of non-financial performance measures used to manage the business. These include customer service levels, incidence of accidents and new product delivery performance.

Research and development

The Group continues to research into methods of tackling the environmental issues facing it as a ceramics manufacturer whilst improving manufacturing efficiency. The development of innovative new products and designs is a key part of the Group's strategy.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group Board considers the risks to the business at every Board meeting. It formally reviews and documents the principal risks to the business at least annually.

Principal risks identified in addition to those discussed in the Business Review on page 11 include:

- Economic downturn the Group monitors and maintains close relationships with its key customers and suppliers to be able to identify signs of financial difficulties early. Sales trends in its major markets are constantly reviewed to enable early action to be taken in the event of sales declining.
- Competitor pressure competitor pressure could result in losing sales to key competitors. The Group manages this risk by providing quality products and maintaining strong relationships with its key customers.
- Reliance on key suppliers the Group's purchasing activities could expose it to over reliance on certain suppliers and inflationary pricing pressure. To mitigate this, the Group seeks to ensure there is enough breadth in its supplier base such that this risk remains manageable.
- Loss of key personnel this would present significant operational difficulties for the Group. Management seek to ensure that key personnel are appropriately remunerated to ensure that good performance is recognised.

Details of the Group's financial risk management policies are included in note 31 on pages 66 and 67.

Going concern

The Group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Business Review on pages 8 to 11. In addition, note 31 on pages 66 to 69 includes the Group's financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments and hedging activities and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk.

At 31 December 2011, the Group had a cash balance of £6.8 million and an unused bank facility with available funding of £4 million. It manufactures approximately 45% of its products and sources the remainder from third party suppliers. The Group sells into a number of different markets worldwide and has a spread of customers within its major UK and US markets. Consequently, the Directors believe that the Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the continuing uncertain economic outlook.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Directors and their interests

The Directors of the Company, who served throughout the year, are listed on pages 12 and 13 together with biographical and committee membership details. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and good corporate governance practice, L.F. Bryan, Lady Judge, J. Kong and R.J. Steele will retire at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 16 May 2012. These Directors, being eligible, are offering themselves for re-election. The Board formally reviewed the performance of each Director concerned and concluded that they remain effective and are committed to their roles at Portmeirion Group PLC. Further details on the composition of the Board and appointment of Directors are given in the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 28 to 31.

With regard to the appointment and replacement of Directors, the Company is governed by its Articles of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and related legislation. The Articles themselves may be amended by special resolution of the shareholders. The powers of Directors are described in the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 28 to 31.

The Directors who held office at 31 December 2011 had the following beneficial interests in the share capital of the Company:

	At 31 December 2011	At 31 December 2010
	5p ordinary shares	5p ordinary shares
	Beneficial	Beneficial
L.F. Bryan	256,523	202,000
M. Haynes	41,300	25,000
Lady Judge	5,000	5,000
J. Kong	5,000	5,000
B.W.J. Phillips	47,955	40,455
R.J. Steele	22,000	20,000

Directors' share interests include the interests of their spouses, civil partners and infant children or stepchildren as required by Section 822 of the Companies Act 2006. There were no changes in the beneficial interests of the Directors in the Company's shares between 31 December 2011 and 21 March 2012.

Details of Directors' share options are provided in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 26 and 27.

Details of transactions with Directors and other related parties are to be found in note 29 on page 62.

Directors' indemnities

The Company has qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors which remain in force at the date of this report.

Capital structure

Details of the share capital in issue, together with details of the movements in the Company's issued share capital during the year are shown in note 24 on page 59. The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income. Each share carries the right to one vote at general meetings of the Company.

There are no specific restrictions on the size of a holding nor on the transfer of shares, which are both governed by the general provisions of the Articles of Association and prevailing legislation. The Directors are not aware of any agreements between holders of the Company's shares that may result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or on voting rights.

Details of employee share schemes are set out in notes 24 and 32 on pages 60, 70 and 71.

No person has any special rights of control over the Company's share capital and all issued shares are fully paid.

Substantial shareholdings

In addition to the Directors' interests notified above, the Company had been notified of the following beneficial interests in 3% or more of its issued share capital excluding treasury shares as at 21 March 2012:

	Percentage of	
	voting rights and	Number of
	issued share capital	ordinary shares
New Fortress Finance Holdings Ltd. BVI*	16.94%	1,733,000
Trustees of Caroline Fulbright Settlement*	14.04%	1,436,195
Euan Cooper-Willis	8.66%	886,150
Investec Wealth & Investment Limited [△]	6.57%	671,865
Shahrzad Farhadi	6.18%	632,333
Kamrouz Farhadi	5.50%	562,917
Trustees of Second Caroline Fulbright Settlement*	3.48%	356,077

Notes

All holdings are direct holdings unless otherwise indicated.

- * Shareholding held indirectly through a nominee.
- ^a Client holdings registered in the name of nominee companies 100% owned by Investec Wealth & Investment Limited.

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting will be held at the registered office of the Company at London Road, Stoke-on-Trent, on 16 May 2012 at 12.00 noon (the "2012 AGM"). All ordinary and special resolutions to be proposed at that meeting are detailed in the Notice of Annual General Meeting. As special business at the 2012 AGM, the following resolutions will be proposed together with the resolution described below regarding market purchases of the Company's shares:

- Authority to allot shares under section 551 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors of a Company may only allot unissued shares or any rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the Company if authorised to do so. The resolution giving authority to allot shares, if passed, will continue to provide flexibility for the Directors to act in the best interests of shareholders, when opportunities arise, by issuing new shares, and replaces the authority given at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 18 May 2011. The authority will allow the Directors to allot new shares up to a nominal value of £170,499, approximately equal to a third of the present issued share capital excluding treasury shares as at 21 March 2012. The Directors have no current intention of exercising this authority except in relation to the allotment of shares under the share option schemes.
- Disapplication of pre-emption rights if equity securities are to be allotted for cash, section 561(1) of the Companies Act 2006 requires that those equity securities are offered first to existing shareholders in proportion to the number held by them at the time of the offer and otherwise in compliance with the technical requirements of that Act. Those pre-emption provisions also apply to the sale of treasury shares by the Company. However, it may be in the interests of the Company for the Directors to allot shares and/or sell treasury shares other than to shareholders in proportion to their existing holdings or otherwise than strictly in compliance with those requirements. This resolution would allow the Directors, pursuant to section 570 and section 573 of the Companies Act 2006, to allot shares and to sell treasury shares for cash without first offering them to shareholders in accordance with that Act. The authority is limited to the issue of equity securities and/or sale of treasury shares for cash up to a maximum nominal amount of £51,149, which is approximately equal to 10% of the present issued share capital excluding treasury shares as at 21 March 2012, and allotments of equity securities and/or sale of treasury shares in connection with a rights issue or other offer to shareholders.

New Share Option Plans – authority shall be sought from shareholders to replace the Portmeirion 2002 Share Option Scheme (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") which expires on 20 May 2012 with the proposed Portmeirion 2012 Approved Share Option Plan (the "2012 Approved Plan") and the Portmeirion 2012 Unapproved Share Option Plan (the "2012 Unapproved Plan") which will allow the Company to continue to offer a discretionary share option plan, with an element of tax advantage to the extent permitted under the 2012 Approved Plan.

Acquisition of the Company's own shares

The Company did not purchase any of its own shares during the year. The Company holds 498,218 treasury shares, purchased at an average cost of 187p per share. At the end of the year, the Directors had authority, under a shareholders' resolution of 18 May 2011, to purchase through the market 1,000,281 of the Company's ordinary shares. This authority expires on 30 June 2012.

The Directors believe that it is in the interests of the Company and its members to continue to have the flexibility to purchase its own shares and resolution 11 of the 2012 AGM seeks authority from members to allow the Company to make market purchases, subject to the restrictions set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting, and in particular to the maximum number of ordinary shares that may be purchased being 1,022,995, approximately equal to 10% of the present issued share capital of the Company excluding treasury shares as at 21 March 2012. The Directors intend to renew this authority annually but only to exercise the authority where, after considering market conditions prevailing at the time, the investment needs of the Company, its opportunities for expansion and its overall financial position, they believe the effect of such exercise would be to increase the earnings per share and be in the best interests of shareholders generally.

Environment

The Group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce damage that might be caused by the Group's activities. Initiatives designed to reduce the Group's impact on the environment include safe disposal of manufactured waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

During 2011, the Group continued with its Energy Efficiency Programme achieving a reduction in our Specific Energy Consumption of 7% compared to 2010. Since the inception of the Group's Climate Change Agreement in 2000, we have achieved a total reduction in Specific Energy Consumption of more than 30%.

Employees' involvement

The Group recognises the importance of good communications with its employees and considers that the most effective form of communication regarding its activities, performance and plans is by way of informal daily discussions between management and other employees. During 2011, to complement these discussions, the Group has continued communicating information from Board level to all employees on a regular basis via a programme of team briefings.

Share option and profit related incentive schemes are operated to encourage the involvement of employees in the Group's performance. Portmeirion Group UK Limited, the employer of the Group's UK based employees, is an Investor in People. The Directors are committed to the continuing development of the Group's employees via the principles of Investors in People. See note 8 on page 51 for staff numbers and costs.

Employment of disabled persons

It is the Group's policy to give disabled people full and fair consideration for all job vacancies for which they offer themselves as suitable candidates, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities, including the consideration of any reasonable adjustments to the job or workplace. Training and career development opportunities are available to all employees and if necessary all efforts are made to retrain any member of staff who develops a disability during employment with the Group.

Supplier payment policy

Payment terms are agreed with each of the Group's major suppliers. The Group abides by these terms provided that the supplier also complies with the agreed terms and conditions. The policy for other suppliers is generally to make payment by the end of the month following receipt of a valid invoice. All payment terms are stated at the time orders are placed. The number of days purchases represented by trade payables at 31 December 2011 was 40 (2010: 41). The Company has no trade payables.

Financial position

The Group's cash balance at 31 December 2011 was £6.8 million (2010: £6.2 million).

Charitable and political contributions

Contributions to various charities in the form of goods to be used for charitable raffles amounted to £1,644 (2010: £2,164) at cost during the year. In addition cash donations of £1,200 (2010: £1,000) were made to registered charities. There were no political contributions during the year.

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (1) so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- (2) the Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mazars LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board.

B.W.J. Phillips Company Secretary 21 March 2012

Directors' Remuneration Report

Introduction

As a company listed on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM), the Company is not required to comply with Schedule 8 of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (accounts and reports) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") under the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act"). Whilst the Company is not required to comply with the Regulations, it has used the Regulations as best practice guidance and voluntarily presented disclosures that reflect the extent of the Company's application of the Regulations. A resolution to approve this report will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company at which approval of the financial statements will be sought.

Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remuneration Committee during 2011 are set out on page 13. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available at www.portmeiriongroup.com.

R.J. Steele is Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Board considers it appropriate that R.J. Steele with his experience in this area chairs this committee. There have been no changes in the composition or Chairmanship of the Remuneration Committee during the year. None of the Committee has any personal financial interest (other than as shareholders), conflicts of interest arising from cross-directorships or day to day involvement in running the business. The Committee makes recommendations to the Board. No Director plays a part in any discussion about his or her own remuneration.

During 2011, Pinsent Masons LLP provided advice on the administration of the Company's share option plans. In determining the Directors' remuneration for the year, the Committee consulted L.F. Bryan, Chief Executive, about its proposals.

The Committee meets at least twice a year to review and determine the remuneration of the Executive Directors. During 2011, the Committee held three scheduled meetings. In addition, the Committee held meetings at other times throughout the year to deal with share option awards and exercises.

Remuneration policy

Executive remuneration packages are prudently designed to attract, motivate and retain Directors of high calibre and to reward them for enhancing value to shareholders. The performance measurement of the Executive Directors and the determination of their annual remuneration package is undertaken by the Remuneration Committee. The remuneration of the Non-executive Directors is determined by the Executive Directors. There are five main elements of the remuneration package for Executive Directors and senior management:

- Basic salary and benefits;
- Annual incentive payments;
- Share option incentives;
- Long-term incentives; and
- Pension arrangements.

The Company's policy is that a substantial proportion of the remuneration of the Executive Directors should be performance related in order to encourage and reward maximising business performance and shareholder returns. In determining the remuneration arrangements for Executive Directors the Committee is sensitive to pay and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group, especially when determining base salary increases.

The Company recognises that Executive Directors may be invited to become non-executive directors of other companies and that this can help broaden the skills and experience of a Director. Executive Directors are entitled to accept appointments outside the Group providing that the Chairman grants his permission. B.W.J. Phillips holds directorships outside the Group which are detailed on page 13. B.W.J. Phillips retains earnings in respect of his directorship at Stafford Railway Building Society. As this was a recent appointment, no earnings were paid during the year ended 31 December 2011.

The following table provides a summary of the key elements of the remuneration package for Executive Directors:

	Purpose	Operation
Base salary	To provide competitive fixed remuneration that will attract and retain key employees and reflect their experience and position in the Group.	Reviewed annually taking into account industry standard executive remuneration and pay levels elsewhere within the Group.
Annual incentive	Recognises achievement of annual objectives which support the short to medium term strategy of the Group.	Based on achievement of a demanding profit before tax and exceptional items target.
Share Option Scheme	Setting value creation through share price growth as a major objective to Executive Directors and senior managers. Alignment of option holder interests with those of shareholders through delivery of shares.	Subject to earnings per share ("EPS") performance measurement to reflect operational performance as EPS is a significant factor in determining the market's view of the Group's value.
Deferred Incentive Share Option Plan	Incentivising and retaining Executive Directors whilst aligning their interests with those of shareholders through delivery and retention of shares.	Discretionary award over shares not exceeding a market value of 20% of the gross annual incentive payment earned by the Executive Director in respect of the previous financial year.
Pension	Providing post retirement benefits.	The Group operates defined contribution pension schemes. Previous money purchase plans and defined benefit pension schemes have been frozen, i.e. closed to new members and future accrual with preserved benefits.

Basic salary and benefits

Salary is normally reviewed annually, on 1 January, or when responsibilities change. In deciding the appropriate levels, the Committee takes into account factors which it considers necessary including industry standard executive remuneration and comparable pay levels within the Group. Each Executive Director is provided with health care benefits. The Chief Executive and Group Sales and Marketing Director are provided with a car.

Annual incentive payments

Each Executive Director's remuneration package includes an annual incentive payment. If the profit before tax and exceptional items exceeds an annual target, then an incentive will be paid. The incentive is a percentage of the Executive Director's basic pay which is linked to the amount by which profit before tax and exceptional items exceeds the target. The maximum incentive payable is 100% of basic salary. Demanding budgets and targets are established by the Board and reviewed at the end of each year to determine the degree of successful achievement.

Share options

The Company's policy is to grant options to Executive Directors at the discretion of the Remuneration Committee taking into account individual performance. It is the Company's policy to phase the granting of share options rather than to award them in a single large block to any individual.

The Company has a share option scheme, The Portmeirion 2002 Share Option Scheme (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") which is a discretionary scheme, enabling the grant of options over ordinary shares in the Company to selected employees of the Portmeirion Group, with flexibility for the grant of tax-favoured options.

In respect of the 2002 Share Option Scheme, earnings per share has been selected as a measure of performance as it directly reflects operational performance and is also a significant factor in determining the market's view of the Group's value. The following performance criteria are applicable to outstanding options under the 2002 Share Option Scheme:

- Options granted on 15 April 2008 can normally only be exercised where the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share of the Group for the year ending 31 December 2010 exceeds 41.63p, being 120% of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2007. This performance criterion has now been met;
- Options granted on 28 May 2009 can normally only be exercised if the average of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share of the Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2009, 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011 exceeds 16.06p, being 113% of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2008. This performance criterion has now been met;
- Options granted on 29 March 2010 can normally only be exercised if the average of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share of the Group for each of the three years ending 31 December 2010, 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 exceeds 44.71p, being 113% of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2009;
- Options granted on 28 April 2011 can normally only be exercised if the average of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share of the Group for the each of the three years ending 31 December 2011, 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013 exceeds 61.83p, being 113% of the pre-tax, pre-exceptional earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2010.

As the 2002 Share Option Scheme expires on 20 May 2012, authority shall be sought from shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 16 May 2012 to replace the 2002 Share Option Scheme with the proposed Portmeirion 2012 Approved Share Option Plan (the "2012 Approved Plan") and the Portmeirion 2012 Unapproved Share Option Plan (the "2012 Unapproved Plan" and, together with the 2012 Approved Plan, the "2012 Plans"), which will allow the Company to continue to offer a discretionary share option plan, with an element of tax advantage to the extent permitted under the 2012 Approved Plan. Details of the 2012 Plans are included in the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Long-term incentive schemes

The Portmeirion Group 2010 Deferred Incentive Share Option Plan (the "2010 Deferred Incentive Plan") was established to incentivise and retain Executive Directors and encourage them to acquire and retain shares in the Company. The Plan operates in conjunction with the Group's existing annual incentive arrangements.

The 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan permits the grant of an option to a participant in any year over shares with a market value not exceeding 20% of the gross incentive earned by the relevant employee in respect of the previous financial year. Options are exercisable normally only after the third anniversary of the date of grant. On exercise, provided that the participant is still employed by the Group (or has left due to limited good leaver provisions as specified in the rules of the 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan) the participant will be entitled to receive a "grossed-up" payment (i.e. a payment which after discharge of necessary taxes (including National Insurance contributions) leaves a net amount) sufficient to pay the taxes (including National Insurance contributions) due in respect of

the exercise of the option (subject to a cap on the maximum tax and National Insurance rates covered). The Remuneration Committee believes this payment is appropriate so as to ensure that the shares are acquired without any need to sell the shares to generate cash to cover tax liabilities. Options may be satisfied by an issue of shares (including out of treasury).

Options under the 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan can only be granted to the extent performance targets relating to the annual incentive payment arrangements are met. The exercise of options granted under the 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan, are not, therefore, subject to the satisfaction of performance targets.

Pensions

B.W.J. Phillips and M. Haynes are members of the Portmeirion Group UK Limited Group Stakeholder Pension Plan, a money purchase pension scheme. Details of contributions paid by the Group into the Plan for the benefit of the Directors are shown in the Directors' emoluments table that follows.

On 31 October 2002 the Portmeirion Potteries Pension Plan, a contracted-in money purchase occupational pension plan, closed. B.W.J. Phillips was a member of the plan at that time and holds preserved benefits. On 5 April 1999, the defined benefit UK pension scheme was frozen, i.e. closed to new entrants and to future accrual. B.W.J. Phillips was a member of the scheme at that time and holds preserved benefits.

L.F. Bryan receives pension contributions for a money purchase pension operated by the Group in the United States. Annual performance related incentives are not subject to contributions by the Group to the money purchase pension arrangements maintained for the Directors.

Directors' contracts

It is the Company's policy that Executive Directors should have contracts with an indefinite term providing for a maximum of one year's notice.

The details of the Executive Directors' contracts are summarised in the table below:

	Date of	Notice
	Contract	Period
L.F. Bryan	08.11.2002	12 months
M. Haynes	01.01.2007	12 months
B.W.J. Phillips	15.03.2000	12 months

In the event of early termination, the Directors' contracts provide for compensation of an amount equal to the gross salary and benefits that the executive would have received during the balance of the notice period, plus any incentive once declared, to which he would have become entitled had contractual notice been given.

L.F. Bryan, Lady Judge, J. Kong and R.J. Steele are proposed for re-election at the next Annual General Meeting. They all have contracts which provide for a notice period of twelve months.

Non-executive Directors

All Non-executive Directors have service contracts with an indefinite term providing for a maximum of one year's notice, without liability for compensation. Their remuneration is determined by the Board taking into account their duties and the level of fees paid to Non-executive Directors of similar companies. The Non-executive Directors do not participate in the Company's annual incentive, share option or long-term incentive schemes and no pension contributions are made in respect of them.

Aggregate Directors' remuneration

The total amounts for Directors' remuneration were as follows:

	2011	2010
	£	£
Emoluments	1,577,825	1,425,371
Money purchase pension contributions	56,111	46,382
	1,633,936	1,471,753

Directors' emoluments

				Gains				
				made on				
				exercise		Pension		
	Salary			of share		contri-	2011	2010
	& fees	Benefits	Incentive	options	Subtotal	butions	Total	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£	3	£
Executive								
L.F. Bryan ⁽¹⁾	301,179	20,797	188,237	173,866	684,079	15,856	699,935	647,020
M. Haynes	166,688	8,816	104,180	122,550	402,234	17,732	419,966	333,868
B.W.J. Phillips	173,250	7,281	113,281	64,350	358,162	22,523	380,685	363,865
Non-executive								
Lady Judge ⁽²⁾	27,300	_	_	_	27,300	_	27,300	26,000
J. Kong	27,300	-	_	_	27,300	-	27,300	26,000
R.J. Steele ⁽³⁾	78,750	-	-	-	78,750	-	78,750	75,000
	774,467	36,894	405,698	360,766	1,577,825	56,111	1,633,936	1,471,753

Notes

(1) L.F. Bryan is remunerated in US dollars and his remuneration is translated into sterling at the average exchange rate for the year in 2011. This was \$1.6037/£ (2010: \$1.5454/£).

⁽²⁾ The remuneration for Lady Judge was made to BTJ Consulting Limited in respect of her services.

⁽³⁾ The remuneration for R.J. Steele was made to Adsum Limited in respect of his services.

The benefits shown above arise from the provision of a company car, life assurance, permanent disability insurance and private medical insurance.

Directors' pension entitlements

B.W.J. Phillips is a member of the Group's defined benefit pension scheme which was frozen on 5 April 1999. He had accrued entitlements under the scheme as follows:

		Increase in	
	Accrued	accrued	Accrued
	pension at	pension in	pension at
	01.01.11	the year	31.12.11
	£	문	£
B.W.J. Phillips	23,463	794	24,257

Notes

- Inflation has been taken to be 3.1% for the purposes of adjusting last year's accrued pension in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP), being the increase in the Consumer Prices Index for the relevant period, with GMP subject to fixed increases of 6.25% pa.
- 2. The pension accrued to 31 December 2011 allows for the cessation of benefit accrual on 5 April 1999. Only statutory revaluation has been allowed from that date.

His accrued benefits under the scheme were as follows:

		Decrease	
	Transfer	in transfer	Transfer
	value at	value in	value at
	01.01.11	the year	31.12.11
	£	£	£
B.W.J. Phillips	555,566	(7,399)	548,167

Notes

The transfer values were calculated on a basis in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Transfer Values) Regulations 1996 (SI 1996/1847).

Directors' share options and long term incentives

Aggregate emoluments disclosed above do not include any amounts for the value of options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company granted to or held by the Directors.

Details of options held under the 2002 Share Option Scheme by Directors who served during the year are as follows:

							Date	es on
	At	Nu	umber of Op	otions	At	Exercise	which ex	ercisable
Director	01.01.11	Granted	Exercised	Surrendered	31.12.11	price	Earliest	Latest
L.F. Bryan	57,144	-	(57,144)	-	-	345.0p	01.04.2010	03.04.2011
L.F. Bryan	38,000	_	(38,000)	_	-	260.0p	16.04.2011	14.04.2012
L.F. Bryan	70,000	_	-	_	70,000	197.5p	29.05.2012	27.05.2019
L.F. Bryan	70,000	_	_	-	70,000	374.5p	30.03.2013	28.03.2020
M. Haynes	45,000	-	(45,000)	-	-	345.0p	01.04.2010	03.04.2011
M. Haynes	24,000	_	(24,000)	-	-	260.0p	16.04.2011	14.04.2012
M. Haynes	45,000	_	-	_	45,000	197.5p	29.05.2012	27.05.2019
B.W.J. Phillips	45,000	_	(45,000)	-	-	345.0p	01.04.2010	03.04.2011
B.W.J. Phillips	24,000	_	-	_	24,000	260.0p	16.04.2011	14.04.2012
B.W.J. Phillips	45,000	_	-	-	45,000	197.5p	29.05.2012	27.05.2019
B.W.J. Phillips	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	374.5p	30.03.2013	28.03.2020

Notes

1. The performance criteria attaching to share options are detailed on page 22.

- 2. The Company's share price reached a high of 530.0p and a low of 412.5p during 2011.The average share price during 2011 was 475.6p. The share price on 31 December 2011 was 415.0p.
- 3. There have been no changes to the Directors' interests in the shares or options over shares of the Company between 31 December 2011 and 21 March 2012.

Details of the options exercised under the 2002 Share Option Scheme during the year are as follows:

		Number of		Market		Gains on	Gains on
	Date of	options	Exercise	price on	Gains on	exercise	exercise
Director	exercise	exercised	price	exercise	exercise	2011	2010
L.F. Bryan	01.04.2011	57,144	345.0p	488.0p	£81,716		
L.F. Bryan	18.04.2011	38,000	260.0p	502.5p	£92,150	£173,866	£17,142
M. Haynes	01.04.2011	45,000	345.0p	488.0p	£64,350		
M. Haynes	18.04.2011	24,000	260.0p	502.5p	£58,200	£122,550	£19,500
B.W.J. Phillips	01.04.2011	45,000	345.0p	488.0p	£64,350	£64,350	£6,250

Details of options held under the 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan by Directors who served during the year are as follows:

						Dates on		
	At	Nu	mber of opt	ions	At	which exe	ercisable	
Director	01.01.11	Granted	Exercised	Surrendered	31.12.11	Earliest	Latest	
L.F. Bryan	13,654	-	-	-	13,654	28.05.2013	25.08.2013	
L.F. Bryan	-	11,730	-	-	11,730	15.04.2014	13.07.2014	
M. Haynes	6,948	-	-	-	6,948	28.05.2013	25.08.2013	
M. Haynes	-	5,911	-	-	5,911	15.04.2014	13.07.2014	
B.W.J. Phillips	7,750	-	-	-	7,750	28.05.2013	25.08.2013	
B.W.J. Phillips	_	6,502	-	-	6,502	15.04.2014	13.07.2014	

Notes

1. The exercise price payable by the option holder to acquire shares upon the exercise of a 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan option is £1 in respect of all of the shares under option for that particular award.

2. There were no options exercised under the 2010 Deferred Incentive Plan during the year.

Approval

This report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

B.W.J. Phillips

Company Secretary 21 March 2012

Corporate Governance Statement

As a company listed on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM) the Company is not required to adhere to the UK Corporate Governance Code June 2010 ("the Code"). Whilst the Company is not required to comply with the Code, it has used the Code as best practice guidance and voluntarily presented disclosures that reflect the extent of the Company's application of the Code.

The Board

The Company is controlled by the Board of Directors. The Board comprises three Executive and three Non-executive Directors. The Board considers, after careful review, that the Non-executive Directors bring an independent judgement to bear notwithstanding their length of service. The Board has considered the need for progressive refreshing of the Board in formulating this view. All Non-executive Directors have contracts which expire on the completion of one year's notice. These are available for inspection at the Company's registered office and at the Annual General Meeting. All Directors retire no later than at the third annual general meeting of the Company after the general meeting at which he/she was appointed or last reappointed in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the principles of the Code. All Non-executive Directors undergo a performance evaluation before being proposed for re-election to ensure their performance continues to be effective, that where appropriate they maintain their independence and that they are demonstrating continued commitment to the role.

R.J. Steele, the Non-executive Chairman, is responsible for the running of the Board and L.F. Bryan, the Chief Executive, has executive responsibility for running the Group's business and implementing Group strategy. Following the appointment of R.J. Steele as Non-executive Chairman on 30 April 2007, the Board has not appointed a Senior Non-executive Director. The Board believes that, given its size, there is sufficient opportunity for shareholders to raise any concerns they may have with the Non-executive Chairman, Chief Executive, Group Finance Director or the other two Non-executive Directors. The Board meets at least five times each year and has a formal schedule of matters reserved to it. It is responsible for overall Group strategy, approval of major capital expenditure projects, approval of the annual and interim results, annual budgets, dividend policy, and Board structure. It monitors the exposure to key business risks and reviews the strategic direction of all trading subsidiaries, their annual budgets, their performance in relation to those budgets and their capital expenditure.

All Directors receive regular and timely information on the Group's operational and financial performance. Relevant information is circulated to the Directors in advance of meetings. In addition, minutes of the meetings of the Directors of the main UK subsidiary are circulated to the Group Board of Directors. All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and are able to take independent professional advice in the furtherance of their duties, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

The following table shows the attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board and its principal committees during 2011:

	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee
Total meetings held	5	3	3	2
Meetings attended				
R.J. Steele (Non-executive Chairman)	5	3	3	2
L.F. Bryan (Chief Executive)	5	3*] *	2
M. Haynes (Group Sales and Marketing Director)	5	3*	_	1*
Lady Judge (Non-executive)	2	-	2	1
J. Kong (Non-executive)	5	3	3	2
B.W.J. Phillips (Group Finance Director and				
Company Secretary)	5	3*	-]*

Notes

During the year additional Board and Remuneration Committee meetings were held and attended by a duly authorised committee of members of the Board principally to discuss share option matters.

* Meetings which the Director attended, in whole or in part, by invitation.

During the year the Board carried out an evaluation of its own performance, taking into account guidance included in Suggestions for Good Practice from the Higgs Report and the Financial Reporting Council's Guidance on Board Effectiveness. The Board concluded that it had performed effectively. During the year appraisals were carried out with the Directors. The Group Finance Director and Group Sales and Marketing Director were appraised by the Chief Executive who, in turn, was appraised by the Chairman. Additionally, the Chairman appraised the Non-executive Directors. The Non-executive Directors appraised the Chairman's performance without the Chairman being present.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is chaired by R.J. Steele and comprises all the Non-executive Directors and the Chief Executive. It leads the process and makes recommendations to the Board on all new Board appointments. Where new Board appointments are considered, the search for candidates shall be conducted, and appointments made, on merit, against objective criteria and with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board, including gender. The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year and also considers the re-election of Directors retiring by rotation and succession planning. The Company's Articles of Association require that each Director, including Executive Directors shall submit himself/herself for re-election every three years. In addition, the Board has taken the decision that Non-Executive Directors who have served on the Board for more than nine years will be subject to annual re-election.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is chaired by R.J. Steele and comprises all the Non-executive Directors. The Board considers it appropriate that R.J. Steele with his experience in this area chairs this committee. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board in relation to all aspects of remuneration for Executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee believes that the presence of the Chief Executive is important when determining the remuneration of the other Executive Directors. The Chief Executive does not participate in discussions relating to his personal remuneration. In framing its policy the Remuneration Committee takes into account any factors which it deems necessary, including industry standard executives. When designing schemes of performance related remuneration the Remuneration Committee considers the provisions in Schedule A to the Code. The remuneration of the Non-executive Directors is determined by the Executive Directors.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is chaired by R.J. Steele and comprises all the Non-executive Directors. The Board considers it appropriate that R.J. Steele with his experience and expertise in this area chairs this committee. The Audit Committee meets at least three times each year. It considers any matter relating to the financial affairs of the Group and to the Group's external audit that it determines to be desirable. In particular the Committee overviews the monitoring of the adequacy of the Group's internal controls, accounting policies and financial reporting and provides a forum through which the Group's external auditors report to the Non-executive Directors.

The Audit Committee reviews arrangements by which employees of the Group may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters, so seeking to ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for the proportionate and independent investigation of such concerns and for appropriate follow-up action.

Internal control

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the Group's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness.

An ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group has been in place throughout the financial year and has remained in place up to the approval date of the report and accounts. That process is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the internal control guidance published in October 2005 (the "Turnbull Guidance").

The Board intends to keep its risk control procedures under constant review particularly with regard to the need to embed internal control and risk management procedures further into the operations of business, both in the UK and overseas, and to deal with areas of improvement which come to management's and the Board's attention.

As might be expected in a Group of this size, a key control procedure is the day to day supervision of the business by the Executive Directors, supported by the senior managers with responsibility for key operations.

The Executive Directors are involved in the budget setting process, constantly monitor key performance indicators and review management accounts on a monthly basis, noting and investigating major variances. All significant capital expenditure decisions are approved by the Board as a whole.

The Group's significant risks, together with the relevant control and monitoring procedures, are subject to regular review to enable the Board to assess the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The adequacy of internal controls with regard to the risks identified are reviewed at every Board meeting. The Board has also specifically reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal financial controls. During the course of its reviews the Board has not identified nor been advised of any failings or weaknesses which it has determined to be significant.

The Board has considered the need for an internal audit function, but has decided that, because of the size of the Group and the systems and controls in place, it is not appropriate at present. The Board will review this on a regular basis.

The Group's system of internal control is designed to identify fraud or material error and manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

The Audit Committee is responsible for keeping under review the nature and extent of non-audit services provided by the external auditors in order to ensure that objectivity and independence are maintained. For non-audit work, the policy is that the Group does not use the external auditors unless they have the necessary skills and experience to make them the most suitable supplier. There are appropriate safeguards in place to eliminate or reduce to an acceptable level any threat to the objectivity and independence of the external auditor in the provision of nonaudit services. Fees paid to the auditors for non-audit services are disclosed in note 9 on page 51.

The external auditors have in place processes to ensure their independence is maintained including safeguards to ensure that, where they do provide non-audit services, their independence is not threatened. They have written to the Committee confirming that, in their opinion, they are independent.

Conflicts of Interest

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors have put in place a policy and process for notifying and recording the nature and extent of their interests, together with those of connected persons, in organisations and companies outside the Group. Each Director must formally notify the Company if there is the potential for these interests to conflict with their duties as a Director of the Company. All such notifications are regularly reviewed by the Board.

Relations with shareholders

The Group encourages two way communications with both its institutional and private investors and responds quickly to all queries received. The Chairman talks regularly with the Group's major shareholders and ensures that their views are communicated fully to the Board. The Non-executive Directors are offered the opportunity to attend meetings with major shareholders. All shareholders receive notice of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") at which the chairmen of all Committees will be available for questions.

The Board recognises the AGM as an important opportunity to meet private shareholders. At its AGM, which is chaired by the Chairman, the Company complies with the provisions of the Code relating to the notice period required, disclosure of proxy votes, the separation of resolutions and the attendance of committee chairmen. The Directors are available to listen to the views of shareholders informally immediately following the AGM.

Financial Reporting

The Board seeks to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's position and prospects. Details are given in the Business Review on pages 8 to 11.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report, Directors' Remuneration Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the Group financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that IFRS financial statements present fairly for each financial year the Group's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the fair representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's "Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements". In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRS. Directors are also required to:

- properly select and apply accounting policies;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information; and
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRS are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance.

The Directors have elected to prepare the Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The Company financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Company financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent Auditors' Report

Independent auditors' report to the members of Portmeirion Group PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Portmeirion Group PLC for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the Company Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the Group's financial statements is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the Company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 32, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors. This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org. uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union;
- the Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Independent Auditors' Report continued

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following:

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Paul Lucas (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mazars LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 45 Church Street Birmingham 21 March 2012

Consolidated Income Statement

for the year ended 31 December 2011

		2011	2010
	Notes	£′000	£′000
Revenue	4, 5	53,610	51,243
Operating costs	6	(47,326)	(45,728)
Operating profit before exceptional items		6,284	5,515
Operating exceptional items	7	-	(199)
Operating profit after operating exceptional items		6,284	5,316
Investment revenue	4,10	42	8
Finance costs	11	(65)	(182)
Share of profit of associated undertakings		69	107
Profit before tax		6,330	5,249
Тах	12	(1,861)	(1,774)
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders	25	4,469	3,475
Earnings per share	14	43.94p	34.91p
Diluted earnings per share	14	43.12p	34.39p
Dividends paid and proposed per share	13	19.60p	17.40p

All the above figures relate to continuing operations.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 31 December 2011

		2011	2010
	Notes	£'000	£′000
Profit for the year		4,469	3,475
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	26	81	253
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension scheme	30	(1,642)	(1,606)
Deferred tax on other comprehensive income	23	281	542
Other comprehensive income for the year		(1,280)	(811)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity holders		3,189	2,664

Consolidated Balance Sheet

31 December 2011

	2011	2010
Notes	£′000	£′000
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets 15	1,819	2,038
Property, plant and equipment 16	5,975	6,159
Interests in associates 17	1,534	1,472
Deferred tax asset 23	861	710
Total non-current assets	10,189	10,379
Current assets		
Inventories 18	12,470	9,655
Trade and other receivables 19	7,515	7,702
Cash and cash equivalents 20	6,777	6,249
Total current assets	26,762	23,606
Total assets	36,951	33,985
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables 22	(6,822)	(7,204)
Current income tax liabilities	(825)	(300)
Total current liabilities	(7,647)	(7,504)
Non-current liabilities		
Pension scheme deficit 30	(4,868)	(4,302)
Grant received	(39)	(57)
Total non-current liabilities	(4,907)	(4,359)
Total liabilities	(12,554)	(11,863)
Net assets	24,397	22,122
Equity		
Called up share capital 24	536	528
Share premium account 25	5,542	4,951
Treasury shares 25	(931)	(1,047)
Share-based payment reserve 25	429	267
Translation reserve 26	1,122	1,040
Retained earnings 25	17,699	16,383
Total equity	24,397	22,122

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 March 2012. They were signed on its behalf by:

L.F. Bryan B.W.J. Phillips

Directors

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2011

				Share-			
		Share		based			
	Share	premium	Treasury	payment	Translation	Retained	
	capital	account	shares	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
	£,000	£′000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£′000	£'000
At 1 January 2010	528	4,820	(1,202)	159	630	15,551	20,486
Profit for the year	-	_	-	-	_	3,475	3,475
Other comprehensive							
income for the year	-	-	-	-	410	(1,221)	(811)
Total comprehensive							
income for the year	-	-	-	-	410	2,254	2,664
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(1,607)	(1,607)
Increase in share-based							
payment reserve	-	_	-	108	_	-	108
Shares issued under							
employee share schemes	-	131	155	-	-	-	286
Deferred tax on share-							
based payment	-	_	-	-	_	185	185
At 1 January 2011	528	4,951	(1,047)	267	1,040	16,383	22,122
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	4,469	4,469
Other comprehensive							
income for the year	-	_	-	-	82	(1,362)	(1,280)
Total comprehensive							
income for the year	-	-	-		82	3,107	3,189
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(1,780)	(1,780)
Increase in share-based							
payment reserve	-	-	-	162	-	-	162
Shares issued under							
employee share schemes	8	591	116	-	-	-	715
Deferred tax on share-							
based payment	-	_	-	-	-	(11)	(11)
At 31 December 2011	536	5,542	(931)	429	1,122	17,699	24,397

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000
Operating profit after operating exceptional items	6,284	5,316
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	784	772
Amortisation of intangible assets	346	357
Contributions to defined benefit pension scheme	(1,054)	(951)
Charge for share-based payments	162	108
Exchange loss	(10)	(19)
Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	1	77
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	6,513	5,660
Increase in inventories	(2,729)	(795)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	202	(570)
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(410)	2,032
Cash generated from operations	3,576	6,327
Interest paid	(59)	(160)
Income taxes paid	(1,217)	(1,676)
Net cash from operating activities	2,300	4,491
Investing activities		
Interest received	20	8
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1	86
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(597)	(1,474)
Purchase of intangible assets	(127)	_
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(703)	(1,380)
Financing activities		
Equity dividends paid	(1,780)	(1,607)
Repayments of bank loans	-	(1,047)
Shares issued under employee share schemes	715	286
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(1,065)	(2,368)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	532	743
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,249	5,439
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(4)	67
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6,777	6,249

1. Basis of preparation

Portmeirion Group PLC is a Company incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given on page 78. The nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Report of the Directors on pages 14 to 19.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting standards adopted for use in the European Union (International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)).

The going concern basis has been considered in the Report of the Directors on page 15.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.5.

In the current year, the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted but have not made any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may impact the accounting for future transactions and arrangements:

IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments
IFRS 3 (amended)	Business Combinations
IFRS 7 (amended)	Financial Instruments: Disclosures
IFRS 1 (amended)	Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters
IAS 24 (2009)	Related Party Disclosures
IAS 32 (amended)	Classification of Rights Issues
IFRIC 14 (amended)) Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement
Improvements to IFF	RSs 2010

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective (and in some cases had not yet been adopted by the EU):

Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters
Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets
Financial Instruments
Consolidated Financial Statements
Joint Arrangements
Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
Fair Value Measurement
Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets
Employee Benefits
Separate Financial Statements
Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

1. Basis of preparation continued

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group, except as follows:

– IAS 19 (revised) will impact the measurement of the various components representing movements in the defined benefit pension obligation and associated disclosures, but not the Group's total obligation. It is likely that following the replacement of expected returns on plan assets with a net finance cost in the income statement, the profit for the year will be reduced and accordingly other comprehensive income increased.

2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies which follow set out those policies which were applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

2.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of Portmeirion Group PLC and its subsidiaries. The Group's share of the results and retained earnings of associated undertakings is included.

Subsidiary undertakings are consolidated on the basis of the acquisition method of accounting. Intra-group transactions and balances are eliminated fully on consolidation and the consolidated accounts reflect external transactions only. Subsidiaries' accounting policies are amended where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

All accounts for subsidiaries and associated companies have been prepared for the year ended 31 December 2011 except for the accounts of Portmeirion Finance Limited which have been prepared for the year ended 7 January 2012 and the accounts of Portmeirion Canada Inc. which have a year end of 30 June 2011. The Group accounts include interim financial information to 31 December 2011 for Portmeirion Finance Limited and Portmeirion Canada Inc.

2.2 Investment in associated undertakings ("associates")

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted by post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any impairment in the value of individual investments.

Where a Group company transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

2. Significant accounting policies continued

2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales-related taxes.

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Royalty revenue is recognised on an accruals basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

Royalties determined on a time basis are recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the agreement.

2.4 Operating leases

Rentals payable or receivable under operating leases are charged or credited to income on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.5 Foreign currencies

The individual financial statements of each Group company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (its functional currency). The results and financial position of each Group company are expressed in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual companies, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the year.

In order to hedge its exposure to certain foreign exchange risks, the Group enters into forward contracts (see below for details of the Group's accounting policies in respect of such derivative financial instruments).

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

continued

2. Significant accounting policies continued

2.6 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated both before and after exceptional items but before investment revenue, finance costs and share of profit of associated undertakings.

2.7 Group pension schemes

Payments to defined contribution retirement schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

For defined benefit schemes, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the defined accrued benefit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at least triennially and updated at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the period in which they occur. They are recognised outside profit or loss and presented in other comprehensive income.

Past service costs are recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise are amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets.

2.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

2. Significant accounting policies continued

2.8 Taxation continued

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited in other comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

2.9 Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment are held at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than land) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line or the reducing balance method, on the following bases:

Freehold buildings- 2% per annumLeasehold improvements- over the life of the leasePlant and vehicles- 6% to 33% per annum

2.10 Intangible assets

Purchases of intellectual property are included at cost and written off in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful economic life of 5-10 years. Provision is made for any impairment.

Computer software is held at cost less accumulated amortisation less any recognised impairment losses. Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual value over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life of computer software is between three and ten years.

2.11 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

continued

2. Significant accounting policies continued

2.11 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets continued

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

2.13 Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally generated intangible asset arising from the Group's development activities is recognised only if all of the following conditions are met:

- an asset is created that can be identified (such as software or new processes);
- It is probable that the asset created will generate future economic benefits; and
- the development cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

2.14 Purchase of own shares

Investment in own shares has been classified as treasury shares. These shares are valued at the weighted average cost of purchase. Treasury shares are a deduction from equity.

2.15 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group's activities expose it to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Group uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge this exposure. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated and are effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in equity and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement. Amounts deferred in equity are recognised in the income statement in the same period in which the hedged item affects net profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the income statement as they arise.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. At that time, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in equity is retained in equity until the forecasted transaction occurs.

2. Significant accounting policies continued

2.15 Financial instruments continued

Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are categorised as loans and receivables. These are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents are categorised as loans and receivables.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Further details on the Group's financial instruments can be found in note 31.

2.16 Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The fair value excludes the effect of non market-based vesting conditions. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in note 32.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest. At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest as a result of the effect of non market-based vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to equity reserves.

2.17 Grant income

Grant income relating to a commitment to employ individuals is treated as deferred income and released to the income statement once the contractual period has elapsed.

3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairment of inventory

Provision is made for the impairment of slow-moving and obsolete inventory based on historical and forecast sales and estimates of net realisable value. The carrying value of inventory at the year end was $\pounds12,470,000$ (2010: $\pounds9,655,000$).

Defined benefit pension scheme

The valuation of the Group's defined benefit pension scheme assets and liabilities under IAS 19 Employee Benefits requires assumptions to be made regarding returns on assets, inflation, discount rates, salary, mortality and pension increases. The carrying value of the scheme liability at the year end was \pounds 4,868,000 (2010: \pounds 4,302,000).

4. Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Continuing operations		
Sale of goods	52,987	51,009
Royalties	623	234
	53,610	51,243
Investment income	42	8
	53,652	51,251

5. Segmental analysis

IFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about the components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the Chief Executive to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performance. Based upon the nature and extent of these internal reports, the Directors are of the opinion that there are two reportable segments under IFRS 8, namely the UK and US operations. The Directors are of the opinion that only one class of business is being undertaken, that of the manufacture and sale of ceramics and associated homeware.

		2011			2010	
		Inter-	Sales to		Inter-	Sales to
	Total	segment	third	Total	segment	third
	sales	sales	parties	sales	sales	parties
Revenue by origin	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
United Kingdom	38,147	(5,709)	32,438	34,803	(4,558)	30,245
United States	21,172	-	21,172	20,998	_	20,998
	59,319	(5,709)	53,610	55,801	(4,558)	51,243

Included in revenues arising from the United Kingdom are revenues of £10,729,000 (2010: £9,816,000) which arose from sales to the Group's largest customer in South Korea.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by geographical market, irrespective of the origin of the products:

	2011	2010
Revenue	£′000	£′000
United Kingdom	13,825	12,615
United States	21,351	21,210
South Korea	10,729	9,816
Rest of the World	7,705	7,602
	53,610	51,243

	Before	2011 Operating		Before	2010 Operating	
	exceptional	exceptional		exceptional	exceptional	
	items	items	Total	items	items	Total
Operating profit by origin	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
United Kingdom	3,814	-	3,814	3,002	(199)	2,803
United States	2,470	-	2,470	2,513	-	2,513
Operating profit	6,284	-	6,284	5,515	(199)	5,316
Unallocated items: Share of profit of associated						
undertakings			69			107
Investment revenue			42			8
Finance costs			(65)			(182)
Profit before tax			6,330			5,249
Тах			(1,861)			(1,774)
Profit after tax			4,469			3,475

5. Segmental analysis continued

		2011			2010	
	United	United	Con-	United	United	Con-
	Kingdom	States	solidated	Kingdom	States	solidated
Other information	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£'000	£′000
Capital additions	662	62	724	807	667	1,474
Depreciation and amortisation	962	168	1,130	958	171	1,129
Balance sheet						
Assets						
Segment assets	26,447	8,970	35,417	24,974	7,539	32,513
Interests in associates			1,534			1,472
Consolidated total assets			36,951			33,985
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	10,977	1,577	12,554	9,579	2,284	11,863

There are no unallocated corporate liabilities in 2011 and 2010.

Reconciliation of earnings before exceptional items, interest,	2011	2010
tax, depreciation and amortisation (Pre-exceptional EBITDA)	£′000	£′000
Operating profit before exceptional items	6,284	5,515
Add back:		
Depreciation	784	772
Amortisation	346	357
Earnings before exceptional items, interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation	7,414	6,644
	2011	2010
Profit before tax reconciliation	£′000	£′000
Pre-tax profit before exceptional items	6,330	5,448
Operating exceptional items (note 7)	-	(199)
Pre-tax profit after exceptional items	6,330	5,249

6. Operating costs

		2011			2010	
		Operating			Operating	
	Before	exceptional		Before	exceptional	
	exceptional	items		exceptional	items	
	items	(note 7)	Total	items	(note 7)	Total
	£'000	£'000	£′000	£,000	£'000	£′000
Cost of inventories						
recognised as an expense	19,666	-	19,666	19,669	-	19,669
Movement on inventory						
impairment provision	707	-	707	87	_	87
Other external charges	9,453	-	9,453	9,574	199	9,773
Staff costs (note 8)	16,059	-	16,059	14,938	_	14,938
Depreciation of property,						
plant and equipment	784	-	784	772	_	772
Amortisation of intangible assets	346	-	346	357	_	357
Impairment of trade receivables	176	-	176	51	_	51
Cost of research and						
development	219	-	219	298	_	298
Net foreign exchange						
(gains)/losses	(65)		(65)	1	_	1
Government grants	(19)		(19)) —	(19)
	47,326	-	47,326	45,728	199	45,927

7. Exceptional items

The Directors define reorganisation costs as exceptional. Specifically included under such exceptional items in the comparative year are costs incurred in the early redemption of a bank facility agreement.

The analysis of exceptional items is as follows:

	2011	2010
Operating exceptional items	£′000	£′000
Facility redemption costs	-	199
	-	199

8. Staff numbers and costs

	2011	2010
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year, including Directors:		
Operatives	352	318
Salaried employees	227	214
	579	532
	£′000	£,000
Staff costs:		
Wages and salaries	13,707	12,689
Social security costs	1,194	1,092
Defined contribution pension costs	804	742
Non-monetary benefits	354	415
	16,059	14,938

The Company had no employees throughout 2011 or 2010.

Details of individual Directors' remuneration, pension contributions and pension entitlements required by the Companies Act 2006 are shown in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 20 to 27, together with details of Directors' current share options.

9. Auditors' remuneration

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Fees payable to the Group's auditors for the audit of the		
Group's annual accounts	43	43
Total audit fees	43	43
Fees payable to the Group's auditors and their associates for other		
services to the Group		
Other services – interim review	6	6
Tax compliance services	8	8
Other services	9	28
Total non-audit fees	23	42
Fees payable to the Group's auditors and their associates in		
respect of associated pension schemes		
Audit of the Portmeirion Potteries Limited Retirement Benefits Scheme	4	4
	4	4

The audit fee for the Company was £1,500 (2010: £1,500).

Fees payable to Mazars LLP and their associates for non-audit services to the Company are not required to be disclosed because the consolidated financial statements are required to disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

10. Investment revenue

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Bank deposits	8	2
Defined benefit pension scheme – other income	22	-
Other interest receivable	12	6
	42	8

11. Finance costs

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Interest paid	37	172
Losses on financial derivatives	28	_
Defined benefit pension scheme – other finance costs	-	10
	65	182

12. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

	2011	2010
	£'000	£,000
Current taxation		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 26.5% (2010: 28%)	759	617
Adjustment of corporation tax in respect of prior years	(10)	(4)
Overseas taxation	993	855
	1,742	1,468
Deferred taxation		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(106)	65
Pension scheme	225	241
	119	306
	1,861	1,774

UK Corporation tax is calculated at 26.5% (2010: 28%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

12. Taxation on profit on ordinary activities continued

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax, is 26.5% (2010: 28%).

The actual tax charge for the current and the previous year differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

		2010
	£′000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	6,330	5,249
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of 26.5% (2010: 28%)	1,677	1,470
Factors affecting charge for the year:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes and other adjustments	(122)	198
Small companies tax relief	(4)	(5)
Foreign tax charged at higher rates than UK standard rate	336	155
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior years	(10)	(4)
Difference relating to associates tax charge	(16)	(40)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,861	1,774

13. Dividends paid

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Final dividend of 13.50p per share paid in respect of the year ended 31 December		
2010 (2010: final dividend of 12.25p per share paid in respect of the year ended		
31 December 2009)	1,381	1,219
Interim dividend of 3.90p per share paid in respect of the year ended 31 December		
2011 (2010: interim dividend of 3.90p per share in respect of the year ended		
31 December 2010)	399	388
Total dividends paid in the year	1,780	1,607

The Directors recommend that a final dividend for 2011 of 15.70p (2010: 13.50p) per ordinary share be paid, making a total for the year of 19.60p (2010: 17.40p) per share. The final dividend will be paid, subject to shareholders' approval, on 23 May 2012, to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 27 April 2012. This dividend has not been included as a liability in these financial statements.

14. Earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

		2011			2010	
		Weighted			Weighted	
		average	Earnings		average	Earnings
	Earnings	number	per share	Earnings	number	per share
	£	of shares	(pence)	£	of shares	(pence)
Basic earnings per share	4,469,000	10,170,222	43.94	3,475,000	9,955,349	34.91
Effect of dilutive securities:						
employee share options	-	192,786	-	_	149,846	_
Diluted earnings per share	4,469,000	10,363,008	43.12	3,475,000	10,105,195	34.39

15. Intangible assets

	Computer	Intellectual	
	software		Total
		property	
	£'000	£′000	£′000
Cost			
At 1 January 2010	443	2,693	3,136
Disposals	(64)	-	(64)
At 1 January 2011	379	2,693	3,072
Additions	127	_	127
At 31 December 2011	506	2,693	3,199
Amortisation			
At 1 January 2010	260	481	741
Charge for the year	36	321	357
On disposals	(64)	_	(64)
At 1 January 2011	232	802	1,034
Charge for the year	46	300	346
At 31 December 2011	278	1,102	1,380
Net book value			
At 31 December 2011	228	1,591	1,819
At 31 December 2010	147	1,891	2,038

Included within intellectual property are the rights to certain intellectual property and the trade names of Spode and Royal Worcester, purchased in April 2009. At the year end this had a carrying value of £1,591,000 (2010: £1,808,000). The remaining amortisation period is 7 years and 4 months.

At 31 December 2011, the Group had entered into contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets amounting to £78,000 (2010: £nil).

continued

16. Property, plant and equipment

	Land an	d buildings		
		Leasehold		
		improve-	Plant and	
	Freehold	ments	vehicles	Total
	£,000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Cost				
At 1 January 2010	3,857	1,005	14,714	19,576
Additions	_	464	1,010	1,474
Disposals	_	(212)	(3,378)	(3,590)
Exchange rate adjustments	_	(5)	21	16
At 1 January 2011	3,857	1,252	12,367	17,476
Additions	_	16	581	597
Disposals	_	-	(47)	(47)
Exchange rate adjustments	_	5	8	13
At 31 December 2011	3,857	1,273	12,909	18,039
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2010	1,472	580	11,913	13,965
Charge for the year	70	74	628	772
On disposals	-	(170)	(3,257)	(3,427)
Exchange rate adjustments	-	(1)	8	7
At 1 January 2011	1,542	483	9,292	11,317
Charge for the year	70	84	630	784
On disposals	_	-	(45)	(45)
Exchange rate adjustments	_	2	6	8
At 31 December 2011	1,612	569	9,883	12,064
Net book value				
At 31 December 2011	2,245	704	3,026	5,975
At 31 December 2010	2,315	769	3,075	6,159

At 31 December 2011, the Group had entered into contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to £35,000 (2010: £186,000).

17. Interests in associates

	2011	2010
Associated undertakings	£′000	£′000
Furlong Mills Limited		
2,080 ordinary shares of £1 each representing 27.58% of the issued share capital		
Share of net assets	961	897
Discount on acquisition	(13)	(13)
Impairment of investment in Furlong Mills Limited	(309)	(309)
	639	575
Portmeirion Canada Inc.		
100 common shares representing 50% of the issued share capital		
Share of net assets	895	897
	1,534	1,472
	2011	2010
Aggregated amounts relating to associates	£′000	£′000
Total assets	7,313	7,090
Total liabilities	(1,697)	(1,585)
Revenues	10,444	10,068
Profit before tax	352	585

A list of the significant investments in subsidiaries and associates, including the name, country of incorporation and proportion of ownership interest is given in note c to the Company's separate financial statements on pages 74 and 75.

Portmeirion Canada Inc. has been accounted for as an associate as it is independently managed from Canada, and with a 50% share of ownership the Directors consider that the Group asserts significant influence but not joint control.

18. Inventories

	2011	2010
	£'000	£′000
Raw materials and other consumables	1,763	1,075
Work in progress	477	604
Finished goods	10,230	7,976
	12,470	9,655

19. Trade and other receivables

	2011	2010
	£'000	£′000
Amounts receivable for the sale of goods	6,097	6,455
Allowance for doubtful debts	(326)	(237)
Trade receivables	5,771	6,218
Amounts owed by associated undertakings	833	373
Other receivables	43	13
Prepayments and accrued income	868	1,098
	7,515	7,702

Generally no interest is charged on receivables; however, there is provision in the Group's terms and conditions for interest to be charged on late payments. The allowance for doubtful debts has been determined by reference to past default experience and a review of specific customers' debts at the year end.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of \pounds 1,524,000 (2010: \pounds 2,009,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 54 days (2010: 53 days).

	2011	2010
Ageing of past due but not impaired receivables	£'000	£′000
31-60 days	1,137	1,552
61–90 days	261	273
91+ days	126	184
Total	1,524	2,009
	2011	2010
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts	£′000	£′000
Balance at the beginning of the year	237	283
Impairment losses recognised	176	51
Amounts written off as uncollectable	(87)	(97)
Balance at the end of the year	326	237

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the Directors believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts.

	2011	2010
Ageing of individually impaired trade receivables	£′000	£'000
120+ days	108	142

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with a balance of $\pounds14,000$ (2010: $\pounds9,000$) which have been placed into liquidation. The impairment recognised represents the difference between the carrying amount of these trade receivables and the present value of the expected liquidation proceeds. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximates to their fair value.

20. Cash and cash equivalents

	2011	2010
	£'000	£′000
Cash and cash equivalents	6,777	6,249

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount of these assets approximates to their fair value.

21. Borrowings

The Group has two facilities:

- a) A £2,000,000 overdraft facility available until 31 May 2012. Interest is payable at 1.75% on the net pooled fund balance, plus bank base rate on net sterling borrowings.
- b) A £2,000,000 revolving credit facility available until 31 May 2013. Interest is payable at 1.9% above three month LIBOR.

These facilities are secured by an unlimited debenture from the Group and a first charge over Group property.

Neither of these facilities were being utilised at 31 December 2011.

22. Trade and other payables

	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000
Trade payables and accruals	5,785	6,124
Amounts owed to associated undertakings	44	100
Other taxation and social security	413	439
Other payables	580	541
	6,822	7,204

Trade payables and accruals principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The average credit period taken for trade purchases is 34 days (2010: 35 days). For most suppliers no interest is charged on the trade payables from the date of invoice to the end of the following month. Thereafter, interest may be charged on the outstanding balances at various interest rates. The Group's policy is to pay all payables within the credit timeframe.

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

23. Deferred tax

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years:

	Accelerated	Retirement	Share-	Capital	Other	
	tax	benefit	based	gain	temporary	
	depreciation	obligations	payment	held over	differences	Total
	£'000	£'000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
At 1 January 2010	(526)	1,018	26	(387)	158	289
(Charge)/credit to income	(158)	(241)	55	14	24	(306)
Credit to equity	-	-	185	_	-	185
Credit to other						
comprehensive income	-	385	_	_	157	542
At 1 January 2011	(684)	1,162	266	(373)	339	710
Credit/(charge) to income	47	(225)	(119)	27	151	(119)
Charge to equity	-	-	(11)	_	-	(11)
Credit to other						
comprehensive income	-	280	-	_	1	281
At 31 December 2011	(637)	1,217	136	(346)	491	861

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Deferred tax liabilities	(983)	(1,057)
Deferred tax assets	1,844	1,767
	861	710

At the balance sheet date, the Group had no unused tax trading or capital losses (2010: £nil) available for offset against future profits.

Temporary differences arising in connection with interests in associates and joint ventures are insignificant.

24. Share capital

	2011		2010	10	
	Number		Number		
	′000	£′000	<i>'000</i>	£,000	
Allotted, called up and fully paid share capital:					
ordinary shares of 5p each	10,728	536	10,563	528	

The market price of the Company's shares at 31 December 2011 was 415.0p per share. During the year the price ranged between 412.5p and 530.0p per share.

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

During the year the Company issued 165,144 new ordinary shares of 5p each for a total of £554,000 in order to satisfy the exercise of share options.

24. Share capital continued

Options granted to Directors and employees (note 32) to acquire ordinary shares of 5p in the Company and still outstanding at 31 December 2011 were as follows:

		Exercise	Dates on which	
	Number	price per	exercisable	
	of shares	share (p)	Earliest	Latest
2002 Share Option Scheme	24,000	260.0	16.04.2011	14.04.2012
2002 Share Option Scheme	199,000	197.5	29.05.2012	27.05.2019
2002 Share Option Scheme	195,000	374.5	30.03.2013	28.03.2020
2002 Share Option Scheme	40,000	489.0	29.04.2014	27.04.2021
2010 Deferred Incentive Plan	28,352	_	28.05.2013	25.08.2013
2010 Deferred Incentive Plan	24,143	_	15.04.2014	13.07.2014

Options held by the Directors are shown in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 26 and 27.

25. Share premium account and reserves

			Share-	
	Share		based	
	premium	Treasury	payment	Retained
	account	shares	reserve	earnings
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
At 1 January 2010	4,820	(1,202)	159	15,551
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	3,475
Dividends paid	_	-	-	(1,607)
Increase in share-based payment reserve	_	-	108	-
Movement in pension scheme liability net of related				
deferred tax	-	-	_	(1,221)
Shares issued under employee share schemes	131	155	-	-
Deferred tax on share-based payment	-	-	-	185
At 1 January 2011	4,951	(1,047)	267	16,383
Profit for the financial year	_	-	-	4,469
Dividends paid	_	-	-	(1,780)
Increase in share-based payment reserve	_	-	162	-
Movement in pension scheme liability net of related				
deferred tax	-	-	_	(1,362)
Shares issued under employee share schemes	591	116	_	-
Deferred tax on share-based payment	-	-	_	(11)
At 31 December 2011	5,542	(931)	429	17,699

The Group currently holds 498,218 (2010: 560,218) ordinary shares of 5p each in treasury.

26. Translation reserve

	Translation
	reserve
	£,000
At 1 January 2010	630
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	253
Deferred tax relating to gains arising on translation of foreign operations	157
At 1 January 2011	1,040
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	81
Deferred tax relating to gains arising on translation of foreign operations	1
At 31 December 2011	1,122

27. Commitments

Operating lease arrangements

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its UK retail outlets, its UK and US warehouses, certain UK motor vehicles and its New York offices and showroom. Leases are negotiated on an individual basis.

The Group as lessee

	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000
Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognised as an		
expense in the year	1,464	1,390

At the balance sheet date, the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Within one year	1,512	1,501
In the second to fifth years inclusive	4,468	5,206
After five years	2,719	3,016
	8,699	9,723

The Group as lessor

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with a tenant for the following future minimum lease receipts:

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Within one year	117	117
In the second to fifth years inclusive	322	439
After five years	-	_
	439	556

28. Contingent liabilities

The Group has given a guarantee of up to \$900,000 to the landlord of the premises of Portmeirion Group USA, Inc. located in Connecticut, USA.

29. Related party transactions

Transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Transactions between the Group and its associates are disclosed below. Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries and associates are disclosed in note g of the Company's financial statements on page 76.

The transactions during the year with associated undertakings were:

	Purchases	Purchases	Sales	Sales
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Portmeirion Canada Inc.	-	-	2,346	2,385
Furlong Mills Limited	614	551	-	-

The outstanding balances at 31 December 2011, with associated undertakings were:

	Debtor	Debtor	Creditor	Creditor
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£′000	£'000
Portmeirion Canada Inc.	833	373	-	-
Furlong Mills Limited	-	-	44	100

Sales to Portmeirion Canada Inc. are made at prices agreed between Portmeirion Group UK Limited and Portmeirion Canada Inc. The sales figure includes management fees for Group services.

Purchases from Furlong Mills Limited are made at prices agreed between Portmeirion Group UK Limited and Furlong Mills Limited. Portmeirion Group UK Limited receives a rebate related to its level of purchases from Furlong Mills Limited. The purchases figure includes a credit for management fees.

Several of the Directors made purchases of goods from the Group during the year on the same terms as those available to all employees. Total purchases did not exceed £1,000 for any Director in the year or in the prior year.

No Director of the Company had a financial interest in any material contract, other than those for service, to which the Company was a party during the financial year.

The key management personnel of the Group are considered to be the Directors, the remuneration of whom is set out in the Directors' Remuneration Report on page 24.

30. Pensions

The Group operates a Group stakeholder pension plan in the UK and a discretionary money purchase scheme in the US.

The total cost charged to income of £804,000 (2010: £742,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

The UK defined benefit scheme was frozen, i.e. closed to new entrants and for future accrual of benefits, at 5 April 1999.

For the defined benefit scheme, the most recent triennial valuation was at 5 April 2008. The main actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were:

- Price inflation of 3.70% per annum.
- Pre-retirement valuation rate of interest of 6.60% per annum.
- Post-retirement valuation rate of interest of 4.60% per annum.
- Increases to pensions in payment of 5.00% per annum on benefits in excess of the guaranteed minimum pension (GMP) earned prior to 6 April 1997 and 3.50% per annum on pensions earned after 6 April 1997.
- Mortality experience based upon PCA00 tables with improvements based on year of birth and medium cohort improvements, subject to a minimum level of improvement of 1% per annum.

At the date of the last valuation on 5 April 2008 the market value of the scheme assets was £19,253,000 and the scheme had a deficiency of £5,397,000.

The actuarial valuation of the scheme was updated at 31 December 2011 by qualified actuaries.

On 17 June 2011 the Company announced and communicated to all deferred members of the defined benefit scheme that future revaluations of deferred pensions will now be based on CPI rather than RPI. This led to a change in the Company's constructive obligation, reducing the defined benefit obligation by £880,000. This amount was recorded as an actuarial gain.

The major assumptions used by the actuaries were:

	2011	2010	2009
Rate of increase in pensions in payment:			
Post 06.04.88 GMP	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Pre 06.04.97 excess over GMP	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Post 06.04.97 pension	2.95%	3.40%	3.45%
Rate of revaluation of pensions in deferment	2.20%	3.50%	3.55%
Rate used to discount scheme liabilities	4.70%	5.40%	5.75%
Inflation assumption			
RPI	3.00%	3.50%	3.55%
СРІ	2.20%	n/a	n/a

30. Pensions continued

The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations in respect of its defined benefit scheme is as follows:

	20	11	20	10
	Expected		Expected	
	rate of	Fair value	rate of	Fair value
	return	£'000	return	£'000
Scheme assets				
Equities	6.10%	11,416	7.50%	11,997
Bonds	4.70%	3,516	5.40%	2,165
Insured annuities	4.70%	6,389	5.40%	6,432
Cash	0.50%	97	0.50%	568
Total fair value of assets		21,418		21,162
Present value of defined benefit obligations		(26,286)		(25,464)
Deficit in the scheme		(4,868)		(4,302)

Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Current service cost	-	_
Past service cost	-	_
	-	_

Analysis of the amount included in the income statement:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Expected return on pension scheme assets	1,376	1,306
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(1,354)	(1,316)
Amount credited to investment revenue/(charged to other finance costs)	22	(10)

The cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income since adoption of IFRS is a loss of \pounds 3,777,000 (2010: loss of \pounds 2,135,000).

Analysis of the actuarial loss recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Actuarial return less expected return on pension scheme assets	(1,384)	40
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities	(258)	(1,646)
Actuarial loss recognised in the Consolidated Statement		
of Comprehensive Income	(1,642)	(1,606)

30. Pensions continued

The basis used to determine the return on scheme assets is as follows:

Equities: 3.50% premium on the 20 year fixed-interest gilt rate of 2.80% less 0.2% for expenses. Bonds: 15 year average redemption yield on AA-rated sterling corporate bonds of 4.70%. Insured annuities: valued at the scheme discount rate of 4.70%. Cash: UK base rate at 31 December 2011 of 0.5%.

Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
At 1 January	25,464	23,272
Service cost	-	_
Interest cost	1,354	1,316
Actuarial gains and losses	258	1,646
Benefits paid	(790)	(770)
At 31 December	26,286	25,464

Movements in the fair value of scheme assets were as follows:

	2011	2010
	£'000	£′000
At 1 January	21,162	19,635
Expected return on scheme assets	1,376	1,306
Actuarial gains and losses	(1,384)	40
Contributions by the employer	1,054	951
Benefits paid	(790)	(770)
At 31 December	21,418	21,162

The history of experience adjustments is as follows:

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Present value of defined benefits	(26,286)	(25,464)	(23,272)	(20,681)	(22,676)
Fair value of scheme assets	21,418	21,162	19,635	16,459	20,178
Deficit in the scheme	(4,868)	(4,302)	(3,637)	(4,222)	(2,498)
Experience adjustment on					
scheme liabilities					
Amount	427	_	-	1,861	-
Percentage of scheme liabilities (%)	2%	-	-	9%	-
Experience adjustment on					
scheme assets					
Amount	(1,384)	40	2,211	(4,696)	(104)
Percentage of scheme assets (%)	6%	0%	11%	29%	1%

30. Pensions continued

The estimated amount of contributions expected to be paid to the scheme during the current financial year is \$800,000 (2011: \$1,054,000).

Following the decision for the scheme to be frozen, i.e. closed to new entrants and to future accrual with effect from 5 April 1999, formal notice was given to employees in January 1999. A defined contribution pension scheme commenced on 6 April 1999 for all eligible UK employees. This scheme was closed on 31 October 2002 and was replaced by a Group stakeholder pension plan.

At 31 December 2011, contributions of £69,000 (2010: £73,000) due in respect of the current reporting period had not been paid over to the UK schemes.

In the United States there was a provision for payments into the money purchase scheme of $\pounds133,000$ (2010: $\pounds103,000$) at 31 December 2011.

31. Financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.

Financial risk management objectives Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that all entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders. The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and equity attributable to equity holders, comprising capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in notes 24 to 26.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash, short-term deposits and trade receivables. The Group's policy is to place funds on short-term deposit with highly rated institutions. Accounts receivable are monitored closely and provisions are made for bad and doubtful debts where appropriate. The creditworthiness of customers is assessed prior to opening new accounts and on a regular basis for significant customers. The assessment of credit quality is outlined in note 19.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any Group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

Foreign currency risk management

The Group has exposure to foreign currency risk arising from its net investments in and cash flows from overseas subsidiaries and associates. Its policy in managing this risk is to maintain appropriate levels of net assets in the overseas companies and utilise foreign currency forward contracts. The most significant risk of exposure to foreign currency arises from the US Dollar sales made by the UK subsidiary to the US subsidiary. The Group's net exposure to US Dollar cash flows for the coming year is not expected to be significant due to a natural hedged position. Subsequent to the year end the Group placed forward contracts for Canadian Dollars, and an average rate option in US Dollars to manage the risk arising from the retranslation of profit made in the USA.

31. Financial instruments continued

The Group enters into derivative transactions only to manage exposure arising from its underlying businesses. No speculative derivative contracts are entered into.

The Group undertakes certain trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Hence, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward foreign exchange contracts when considered appropriate.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	Liab	ilities	Assets	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000	£′000	£′000
Euro	317	91	243	593
US Dollar	2,894	3,420	4,660	7,789
Canadian Dollar	-	-	250	336
Swedish Krona	1	5	66	74
Norwegian Krone	-	-	55	83

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the currencies of Euro, US Dollar, Canadian Dollar, Swedish Krona and Norwegian Krone.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in Sterling against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% is the sensitivity rate which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. A negative number below indicates a decrease in profit where Sterling strengthens 10% against the relevant currency. For a 10% weakening of Sterling against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on profit.

	Eu	ro	US Do	ollar	Canadia	ın Dollar	Swedish	Krona	Norwegic	an Krone
	impact		impact		impact		impact		impact	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Profit										
or loss	7	(46)	(71)	126	(23)	(31)	(6)	(7)	(5)	(8)

Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities, by monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

31. Financial instruments continued

Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables detail the Group's expected maturity for its assets and liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets and liabilities including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Group anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average				Non- financial	
	effective	Less than		Over	assets/	
	interest rate	1 month	1-3 months	3 months	(liabilities)	Total
At 31 December 2011	%	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£'000
Financial assets	-	4,717	1,887	-	-	6,604
Other assets	-	-	-	-	23,570	23,570
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5%	6,777	-	-	-	6,777
Total assets		11,494	1,887	-	23,570	36,951
Shareholders' funds	-	-	-	-	(24,397)	(24,397)
Financial liabilities	-	(5,486)	(884)	(452)	-	(6,822)
Other liabilities	-	(181)) —	(683)	-	(864)
Pension scheme deficit	-	-	-	-	(4,868)	(4,868)
Total liabilities and						
shareholders' funds		(5,667)	(884)	(1,135)	(29,265)	(36,951)
Cumulative gap		5,827	6,830	5,695	-	-

	Weighted average				Non- financial	
	effective	Less than		Over	assets/	
	interest rate	1 month	1-3 months	3 months	(liabilities)	Total
At 31 December 2010	%	£′000	£'000	£′000	£'000	£′000
Financial assets	-	4,300	2,291	-	-	6,591
Other assets	-	-	-	_	21,145	21,145
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5%	6,249	-	-	-	6,249
Total assets		10,549	2,291	-	21,145	33,985
Shareholders' funds	-	-	-	-	(22,122)	(22,122)
Financial liabilities	-	(5,754)	(1,071)	(379)	-	(7,204)
Other liabilities	-	-	-	(357)	-	(357)
Pension scheme deficit	-	-	_	_	(4,302)	(4,302)
Total liabilities and						
shareholders' funds		(5,754)	(1,071)	(736)	(26,424)	(33,985)
Cumulative gap		4,795	6,015	5,279	-	-

31. Financial instruments continued

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. The Group expects to meet its obligations in excess of cash held from operating cash flows and proceeds of maturing financial assets. The Group is not significantly exposed at the year end to interest rate risk.

	Weighted					
	average				Non-	
	effective	Less than		Over	financial	
	interest rate	1 month	1-3 months	3 months	liabilities	Total
	%	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Trade and other payables	-	5,486	884	452	-	6,822
Tax liabilities	-	181	-	644	-	825
Pension scheme deficit	-	-	-	-	4,868	4,868
Grant received	-	-	-	39	-	39
At 31 December 2011		5,667	884	1,135	4,868	12,554

	Weighted					
	average				Non-	
	effective	Less than		Over	financial	
	interest rate	1 month	1-3 months	3 months	liabilities	Total
	%	£′000	£′000	£′000	£'000	£'000
Trade and other payables	-	5,754	1,071	379	-	7,204
Tax liabilities	-	-	_	300	-	300
Pension scheme deficit	-	-	_	-	4,302	4,302
Grant received	-	-	_	57	-	57
At 31 December 2010		5,754	1,071	736	4,302	11,863

32. Share-based payments

Equity-settled share option schemes

The Group operates two share option schemes for senior managers and Directors.

The Group recognised total expenses of $\pounds162,000$ and $\pounds108,000$ related to equity share-based payment transactions in 2011 and 2010 respectively.

a) The Portmeirion 2002 Share Option Scheme

Options are exercisable at a price equal to the average quoted market price of the Company's shares on the three trading days prior to the date of the grant. The vesting period is three years. If the options remain unexercised after a period of between four and ten years from the date of grant the options expire.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	201	1	2010	
		Weighted		Weighted
		average		average
	Number	exercise	Number	exercise
	of share	price	of share	price
	options	3	options	£
Outstanding at 1 January	645,144	2.947	533,000	2.733
Granted during the year	40,000	4.890	195,000	3.745
Lapsed during the year	-	-	-	_
Surrendered during the year	-	-	-	_
Exercised during the year	(227,144)	3.151	(82,856)	3.450
Outstanding at 31 December	458,000	3.016	645,144	2.947
Exercisable at 31 December	24,000	2.600	147,144	3.450

The options outstanding at 31 December 2011 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.7 years (2010: 5.7 years). In 2011, options were granted on 28 April. The aggregate of the estimated fair value of those options is £53,639. In 2010, options were granted on 29 March. The aggregate of the estimated fair value of those options is £211,958.

The range of exercise prices for the options outstanding at 31 December is from £1.975 to £4.890.

The inputs into the Black-Scholes pricing model are as follows:

	2011	2010
Weighted average share price at date of grant	£4.850	£3.950
Weighted average exercise price	£4.890	£3.745
Expected volatility	37%	36%
Expected life	6.5 years	6.5 years
Risk-free rate	3.05%	3.33%
Expected dividend rate	3.59%	4.00%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility over the previous 6.5 years. The expected life used in the model assumes that the options will be exercised on average halfway through the period during which they can be exercised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

32. Share-based payments continued

b) The Portmeirion Group 2010 Deferred Incentive Share Option Plan

Options are granted to Executive Directors in a year over shares with a market value not exceeding 20% of the gross incentive earned by the relevant employee in respect of the previous financial year. Options are exercisable at £1 per individual as the total exercise price. The vesting period is three years. If the options remain unexercised after a period of three years and three months from the date of grant the options expire.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	2011		201	0
		Total		Total
	Number	exercise	Number	exercise
	of share	price	of share	price
	options	£	options	£
Outstanding at 1 January	28,352	£3	_	-
Granted during the year	24,143	£3	28,352	£3
Lapsed during the year	-	-	_	-
Surrendered during the year	-	-	_	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	_	-
Outstanding at 31 December	52,495	2 6	28,352	£3
Exercisable at 31 December	-	-	-	-

The options outstanding at 31 December 2011 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.1 years (2010: 2.6 years). In 2011, options were granted on 14 April. The aggregate of the estimated fair value of those options is £105,875. In 2010, options were granted on 27 May. The aggregate of the estimated fair value of those options is £101,646.

The inputs into the Black-Scholes pricing model are as follows:

	2011	2010
Weighted average share price at date of grant	£4.900	£4.050
Weighted average exercise price	Nil	Nil
Expected volatility	50%	47%
Expected life	3.125 years	3.125 years
Risk-free rate	1.75%	1.85%
Expected dividend rate	3.55%	3.90%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility over the previous 3.125 years. The expected life used in the model assumes that the options will be exercised on average halfway through the period during which they can be exercised.

Company Balance Sheet

31 December 2011

		2011		2010	
	Notes	£'000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Fixed assets					
Investment in subsidiary undertakings	С		1,455		1,455
Current assets					
Cash		-		4	
Debtors: all of which fall due after more than one year	d	10,911		10,911	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	е	(2,587)		(2,638)	
Net current assets			8,324		8,277
Net assets			9,779		9,732
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	f		536		528
Share premium account	f		5,542		4,951
Other reserves	f		197		197
Treasury shares	f		(931)		(1,047)
Share-based payment reserve	f		429		267
Retained earnings	f		4,006		4,836
Shareholders' funds			9,779		9,732

The financial statements of Portmeirion Group PLC, company registration number 124842, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 March 2012. They were signed on its behalf by:

L.F. Bryan B.W.J. Phillips

Company Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2011	
	£′000	£′000
Opening balance	9,732	8,942
Profit for the year	950	2,003
Dividends paid	(1,780)	(1,607)
Shares issued under employee share schemes	715	286
Increase in share-based payment reserve	162	108
Closing balance	9,779	9,732

Equity comprises share capital, share premium, equity reserves, treasury shares and retained earnings.

Our Performance

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

a. Significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The separate financial statements of the Company are presented as required by the Companies Act 2006. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards and Iaw. The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

Investments

Fixed asset investments in subsidiaries and associates are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

b. Profit for the year

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the Company has elected not to present its own profit and loss account for the year. The Company reported a profit for the financial year of £950,000 (2010: £2,003,000). The auditors' remuneration for audit and other services is disclosed in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

c. Fixed asset investment

Subsidiary undertaking:

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
30,100 ordinary shares of $\pounds1$ each in Portmeirion Group UK Limited representing		
100% of the issued share capital at cost	1,455	1,455
	1,455	1,455

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

c. Fixed asset investment continued

At 31 December 2011 the Company had the following subsidiary and associated undertakings:

	Country of operation and incorporation	Nature of business
Subsidiary undertakings		
Portmeirion Group UK Limited	England and Wales	Ceramic manufacturer, marketing and distribution of homeware
Portmeirion Finance Limited	England and Wales	Dormant
Portmeirion Enterprises Limited*	England and Wales	Intermediate holding Company
Portmeirion Distribution Limited*	England and Wales	Dormant
Portmeirion Services Limited*	England and Wales	Dormant
Portmeirion Group USA, Inc.†	USA	Marketing and distribution of homeware
Portmeirion Group Designs, LLC^	USA	Dormant
Associated undertakings		
Portmeirion Canada Inc. Furlong Mills Limited	Canada England and Wales	Marketing and distribution of homeware Suppliers and millers of clay

The companies are incorporated in England and Wales and registered in England and Wales except where stated. The share capital of all subsidiary undertakings consists solely of ordinary shares. The Company holds 100% of the share capital of all subsidiaries, 50% of the ordinary share capital of Portmeirion Canada Inc. and 27.58% of the ordinary share capital of Furlong Mills Limited. Furlong Mills Limited supplies Portmeirion Group UK Limited with all of its clay raw materials.

* Wholly owned by Portmeirion Group UK Limited.

† Wholly owned by Portmeirion Enterprises Limited.

^ Wholly owned by Portmeirion Group USA, Inc.

d. Debtors

	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000
Loans owed by subsidiary undertakings falling due after more than one year:		
Portmeirion Group UK Limited	10,146	10,146
Portmeirion Enterprises Limited	705	705
Portmeirion Distribution Limited	60	60
	10,911	10,911

e. Creditors

	2011	2010
	£′000	£′000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking, Portmeirion Group UK Limited	2,514	2,563
Other taxation and social security	6	6
Other creditors	43	43
Corporation tax	24	26
	2,587	2,638

Notes to the Company Financial Statements

f. Share capital, share premium account and reserves

Details of share capital are disclosed in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

The movements on the share premium account and other reserves are shown below.

At 31 December 2011	5,542	197	(931)	429	4,006
Shares issued under employee share schemes	591	-	116	_	
Increase in share-based payment reserve	-	-	-	162	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(1,780)
Profit for the financial year	-	-	_	-	950
At 1 January 2011	4,951	197	(1,047)	267	4,836
Shares issued under employee share schemes	131	_	155	-	-
Increase in share-based payment reserve	_	_	-	108	_
Dividends paid	_	_	_	-	(1,607)
Profit for the financial year	_	_	_	-	2,003
At 1 January 2010	4,820	197	(1,202)	159	4,440
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
	account	reserves	shares	reserve	earnings
	premium	Other	Treasury	payment	Retained
	Share			based	
				Share-	

g. Related party transactions

During 2011 net transactions totalling £49,000 were debited (2010: £760,000 debited) to the intercompany account with the Company's subsidiary, Portmeirion Group UK Limited. These transactions represented payments and receipts made on behalf of the Company by Portmeirion Group UK Limited, an intergroup dividend and the charge for share-based payments.

The outstanding balances with subsidiary undertakings at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 are shown in notes d and e above. The loans owed by subsidiary undertakings are not considered to be repayable within one year.

No balances were owed to or from the Company by associated undertakings.

h. Contingent liabilities

The Company is a party to the landlord guarantee referred to in note 28 and the finance liability disclosed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Five Year Summary

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION

Years ended 31 December

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
£′000	£′000	£′000	£'000	£′000
32,017	31,838	43,165	51,243	53,610
4,419	1,090	3,718	5,249	6,330
(1,393)	(515)	(1,265)	(1,774)	(1,861)
3,026	575	2,453	3,475	4,469
30.77p	5.81p	24.73p	34.91p	43.94p
29.55p	5.80p	24.66p	34.39p	43.12p
·				
14.70p	14.70p	15.80p	17.40p	19.60p
	£'000 32,017 4,419 (1,393) 3,026 30.77p 29.55p	£'000 £'000 32,017 31,838 4,419 1,090 (1,393) (515) 3,026 575 30.77p 5.81p 29.55p 5.80p	£'000 £'000 £'000 32,017 31,838 43,165 4,419 1,090 3,718 (1,393) (515) (1,265) 3,026 575 2,453 30.77p 5.81p 24.73p 29.55p 5.80p 24.66p	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 32,017 31,838 43,165 51,243 4,419 1,090 3,718 5,249 (1,393) (515) (1,265) (1,774) 3,026 575 2,453 3,475 30.77p 5.81p 24.73p 34.91p 29.55p 5.80p 24.66p 34.39p

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

At 31 December

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000
Assets employed					
Non-current assets	8,767	8,041	9,622	10,379	10,189
Current assets	18,919	20,651	21,258	23,606	26,762
Current liabilities	(4,608)	(4,318)	(5,920)	(7,504)	(7,647)
Non-current liabilities	(2,498)	(4,326)	(4,474)	(4,359)	(4,907)
	20,580	20,048	20,486	22,122	24,397
Financed by					
Called up share capital	528	528	528	528	536
Share premium account and reserves	20,052	19,520	19,958	21,594	23,861
	20,580	20,048	20,486	22,122	24,397

Company Information

Board of Directors

Richard J. Steele BCOM FCA CTA Lawrence F. Bryan BA Michael Haynes MCIM Brett W.J. Phillips BSc ACA Barbara Thomas Judge CBE BA JD Janis Kong OBE BSc

Company Secretary

Brett W.J. Phillips BSc ACA

Registered Office and Number

London Road Stoke-on-Trent ST4 7QQ Tel: +44 (0) 1782 744721 Fax: +44 (0) 1782 744061 www.portmeiriongroup.com Registered number: 124842

Auditors

Mazars LLP 45 Church Street Birmingham B3 2RT

Nominated Adviser and Stockbroker

Seymour Pierce Limited 20 Old Bailey London EC4M 7EN

Registrars

Capita Registrars The Registry 34 Beckenham Road Beckenham Kent BR3 4TU Tel: 0871 664 0300* (UK) +44 (0) 208 639 3399 (Outside UK) Fax: +44 (0) 208 639 2220 Email: ssd@capitaregistrars.com www.capitaregistrars.com

Calls cost 10p per minute plus network extras.
 Lines open between 9:00 am and 5:30 pm,
 Monday–Friday excl. bank holidays

Non-executive Chairman Chief Executive Group Sales and Marketing Director Group Finance Director Non-executive Director Non-executive Director

Solicitors

Pinsent Masons LLP 3 Colmore Circus Birmingham B4 6BH

KJD Freeth LLP Churchill House Regent Road Stoke-on-Trent ST1 3RQ

Financial PR Advisers

Pelham Bell Pottinger 5th Floor, Holborn Gate 330 High Holborn London WC1V 7QD Tel: +44 (0) 20 7861 3232 Fax: +44 (0) 20 7861 3233 Email: pr@pelhambellpottinger.co.uk

Financial Calendar

Annual General Meeting	Мау	
Interim Report	August	
	Augusi	
Dividends		
Interim announced	August	
Paid	October	-
Final announced	March	-
Paid	Мау	

Retail Outlets

Bridgend Shop

Unit 71, Bridgend Designer Outlet The Derwen, Bridgend South Wales CF32 9SU Tel: +44 (0)1656 669038

Cheshire Oaks Shop

Unit 72, Cheshire Oaks Designer Outlet Kinsey Road Ellesmere Port South Wirral CH65 9JJ Tel: +44 (0)151 355 1538

Colne Shop 'Boundary Mill'

Boundary Mill Stores Vivary Way Colne Lancashire BB8 9NW Tel: +44 (0)1282 856200

East Midlands Shop

Unit 12a, East Midlands Designer Outlet Mansfield Road South Normanton Derbyshire DE55 2JW Tel: +44 (0)1773 545375

Longton Shop

473 King Street Longton Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST3 1EU Tel: +44 (0)1782 326661

Stoke Shop

London Road Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST4 7QQ Tel: +44 (0)1782 411756

Street Shop

Clarks Village Farm Road Street Somerset BA16 0BB Tel: +44 (0)1458 446703

Swindon Shop 'Style Your Home'

Swindon Designer Outlet Kemble Drive Swindon Wiltshire SN2 2DY Tel: +44 (0)1793 422910

Trentham Shop

Unit 230, Trentham Shopping Village Trentham Stoke-on-Trent Staffordshire ST4 8AX Tel: +44 (0)1782 657828

Walsall Shop 'Boundary Mill'

Boundary Mill Stores Junction 10 Retail Park Bentley Mill Way Walsall West Midlands WS2 OLE Tel: +44 (0)1922 618200

Worldwide Stockists

Details of worldwide stockists can be found on our website www.portmeiriongroup.com.



Portmeirion Group Patterns

Details of Portmeirion Group patterns are shown on pages 4 to 5. Portmeirion's The World of Eric Carle – The Very Hungry Caterpillar™ (© Eric Carle LLC) is produced under licence from Eric Carle LLC. Fifi and Porcelain Garden Sanderson for Portmeirion ranges are produced under licence from Abaris Holdings Limited. Portmeirion Vintage Kellogg's range is produced under licence from Kellogg Company. Spode's Paddington Bear™ range is produced under licence from The Copyrights Group Ltd. Paddington Bear™, Paddington™ and PB™ are trade marks of Paddington and Company Ltd. A number of Pimpernel designs and Royal Worcester mug designs are licensed from third parties, details of which can be obtained from the Company's registered office.

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Spode.

ROYAL WORCESTER®



Portmeirion Group PLC

London Road Stoke-on-Trent ST4 7QQ

Tel: +44 (0) 1782 744721 Fax: +44 (0) 1782 744061

www.portmeiriongroup.com

